FINAL REPORT

FOR

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION CONTRACT NO. C301994

WAPPINGER LAKE SEDIMENTATION STUDY VILLAGE OF WAPPINGERS FALLS

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Prepared for Village of Wappingers Falls 2628 South Avenue Wappingers Falls, NY 12590

Ву

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1.0 **INTRODUCTION**:

In the spring of 2008, this office was asked by the Village of Wappingers Falls to perform the tasks associated with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (N.Y.S.D.E.C.) Grant C301994. The goal of the study grant is to identify sources and amounts of sediment and suspended solids entering Wappinger Lake from the stormwater drainage system in the Village. The tasks required by the grant are described in the grant contract Program Narrative (Schedule "A"). Three reports have been submitted to date describing the interim status of the project. This is the final report, and provides analysis of the data collected under the grant contract.

2.0 **STUDY ACTIVITY**:

The following tasks were completed as part of the grant project:

- Available maps of existing storm drainage infrastructure were researched and identified.
- Known, existing storm pipe outlets along the lake shore were located and
 photographed. Photographs from the start of the project were included in the
 August, 2008 Status Report. Additional photographs taken during the course
 of the project are included in this report.
- A protocol for sample collection and measurements in the field was established. A data recording form template was created for field use.
- Samples were collected from various pipe outlets and delivered to Smith Environmental Laboratory for analysis of water samples for Total Suspended Solids content (TSS).
- Locations where overland runoff flows into the lake near existing pipe outfalls were identified. Samples were collected from these locations and delivered to Smith Environmental Laboratory for analysis of water samples for TSS.
- Estimated flow rates at outfall points and amounts of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) in samples were analyzed and compared with precipitation data.
- Existing drainage areas leading to each outfall were identified from existing topographic maps and field investigations. Overland and underground drainage path information was combined to map the drainage areas.

A total of twenty-one (21) sets of water samples were collected between June 27th, 2008 and September 11th, 2009. All of the samples were tested for Total Suspended Solids (TSS) content.

The results of these tests are the basis for the analysis and are included in this report. During the course of this study, samples were collected from every known outfall at least once, with one exception. On any given day, it was difficult to collect samples from every stormwater outfall during every storm because of the vagaries of rainfall.

It was noted in previous reports that the early spring of 2009 was unusually dry. The lack of early rain was made up for during the unusually wet summer. To date, we have collected a number of samples which we believe are representative of typical precipitation events during an 'average' year. No water samples were collected between December 11th, 2008 and March 8th, 2009 because precipitation during this period fell as snow. There was no "rainfall" runoff to sample or test. The last series of samples for this project were collected on September 11, 2009.

We were able to collect only one sample from the North and South pipe outlets at the dam because the area is fenced and locked. As an alternative, we have been collecting samples of overland flow at the end of High Street which we believe can be used as a proxy for the pipes. This overland flow does not actually flow into the Lake behind the dam, however the flow comes from the same general drainage area as the outfall pipes and so we believe it is representative of the flow discharged by the outfalls into the Lake.

This reports includes a summary of all the field data collected as well as copies of all the field sampling reports. All water samples were delivered to Smith Environmental Laboratory in Hyde Park for analysis. The original protocol suggested that TSS would be measured in the field using a portable device. Following a great deal of research, it was determined that there is no portable device available for sale that is suitable for measuring the anticipated, relatively low, levels of TSS in stormwater runoff. All existing portable meters and devices are designed to measure TSS at levels typical in sludge or sanitary waste water. Lab analysis provided both the most accurate and the most cost effective means of determining TSS in the samples.

Our research into available mapping yielded several maps. The most helpful maps include a map of outfalls prepared by the Dutchess County Soil and Water Conservation District (DCSWCD) and an aerial photo GIS map of the Village purchased from the Dutchess County Office of Real Property. There is little to no detailed mapping of the Village's existing storm drain system. We have found most knowledge of the system is anecdotal and relies on individual and institutional memory of construction and maintenance. Based on this finding, we continue to recommend that the Village formally document known information about the current state of the existing drainage system for posterity.

Formal documentation could be as extensive as a complete field survey of the existing drainage system, or as limited as having Village Highway Department employees document structure and pipe locations on paper during regularly scheduled system cleaning.

Using the DCSWCD outfall map, eight (8) pipe outfalls were initially identified. Attempts were made to collect water samples from each of these outfalls during rainstorms. Except for the North Dam outfall, samples were collected from each outfall at least once. Several additional outfall locations were identified during sampling. All of these additional locations carry concentrated overland flows directly to the lake. In most cases, these outfalls were near existing pipe outfalls. The overland runoff flow at some of these locations appeared unable to reach existing storm drains due to grading, clogged piping, or other physical limitations. At other locations, no storm drains existed in the area to collect the flow. Collection and analysis of overland runoff samples was performed the same as for the pipe outfalls.

Testing and analysis of samples established measurable (i.e. greater than 1 mg/L) amounts of TSS on many occasions at all locations. A summary of the sampling results is included with this report. In the previous report, it was noted that samples from the outfalls with the greatest estimated flow rates showed relatively lower concentrations of TSS in mg/L compared to the flow. Samples from the outfalls with lower estimated flow rates had relatively higher concentrations of TSS in mg/L compared to the flow. Overall however, the outfalls with high estimated flow rates carry more sediment to the lake than the outfalls with lower estimated flow rates because the greater volume of water more than made up for the lesser TSS concentration. This general conclusion remains true for the samples collected and analyzed since the last report.

Since this study began, there has been a marked reduction in the amount of trash and debris found in the vicinity of many of the outfalls. Rubbish and trash appear to be regularly collected and removed at most locations, however, new debris is consistently deposited and dropped at all locations. It is recommended that the Village continue with its existing trash removal program. An annual (or more often) sweep of all the publicly accessible pipe outfall sites would further help reduce the amount of rubbish and trash entering the lake. For example, the Village could schedule a volunteer clean-up day for the Lake to coincide with Earth Day activities or other days of volunteering and activism. Alternatively, the Village could create an "Adopt-an-Outfall" program to provide for the regular clean-up of discharge points similar to the adopt-a-highway clean-up program sponsored by the State.

These recommendations are unlikely to reduce the amount of suspended sediment entering the lake, but should reduce the amount of floatable debris in the lake and should generally improve the overall appearance of the lake. Additionally, the involvement of the community in any type of volunteer cleanup activity will increase public awareness of the Lake, pollution, and the importance of protecting the Village's water resources. An increase in public awareness could result in changed behavior by at least some residents as they consider how their activities may affect the Lake.

Included with this report are copies of all the photographs taken during the course of this project. These photographs are submitted to provide a complete photo log for the grant contract.

A review of each outfall area, briefly describing each site and our experiences collecting samples, follows:

Dam & High Street Area:

As of September 2008, we were unable to obtain samples from both of the Dam outfalls because the locks were changed on the fence gate preventing our access to the site. We did not regain access to these pipe outfalls behind the fence. Prior to September, there was only one sample obtained from the South Dam outfall. During other times, no water was flowing out of either pipe. As an alternative, we have collected samples of overland runoff from the southern corner of the end of High Street.

This location is in the vicinity of the dam outfalls and, as previously noted, we believe it is representative of the flow at the outfalls. It has also been possible to measure flow rates at this alternate location on some days. Measuring flow rates out of the dam outfalls is impossible due to their location.

Flow in this area was impacted by nearby road construction on Mill Street during Fall 2008/Spring 2009. On November 25 and December 10, both the runoff and samples were visibly muddy. Sediment in the November 25 sample was primarily due to street construction directly uphill from the dam, at the intersection of High Street and Mill Street. This is reflected in the unusually high level of total suspended solids measured in the November 25, 2008 sample (332 mg/L). We did not expect as high a TSS concentration in the December 10 sample since the street construction was complete and the intersection was repaved by that time. However, the TSS concentration in this sample was extraordinarily high. The sample collected in April 2009 also contained a relatively high TSS concentration. The changes in TSS led to further investigation of the flow which has confirmed an overall change in flow pattern of runoff at this sample location. We believe the change in flow patterns was a result of the Mill Street construction. During the Summer of 2009, the levels of TSS appear to have stabilized

Brown Avenue Area:

During the growing seasons, access to the outfalls at School Street and Brown Avenue and at West Street and Brown Avenue, was maintained by cutting back brush and vegetation. Access at both sites was easier from late fall to early spring as vegetation had died off. Vegetation and brush remain at the West Street outfall, partly covering the pipe outlet.

During the course of this project, the West Street outfall pipe has been over half full with debris and sediment. The vegetation at the pipe end appears to be rooting in the debris and sediment in the pipe. Flow out of the end of the pipe was inconsistent and samples were only able to be collected during the most intense periods of rain.

As an alternative, water samples were collected from a natural, eroded channel near the pipe. Runoff was noted to flow overland from the end of the paved road to the Lake through this channel. Runoff that was not collected by the storm drainage system and directed to the pipe outfall, appears to flow across the pavement and then through this channel to the Lake. The channel appears to have been created naturally over time as a result of runoff. Water has been noted flowing through this channel and samples have been collected at times when the pipe outfall has had no flow.

It is believed that flow out of the pipe is limited by the sediment in the pipe. Overland flow appears to be a combination of the runoff from the streets and gutters that is not directed to the nearby catchbasins. Overland flow does not appear to be a result of flooding or overflow from the drainage system. However, during a couple of particularly intense storms, the drainage system was inundated and the overflow did appear to contribute to the overland flow. In other words, occurrences of overland flow were not dependent on drainage system overflows, but such overflows did appear to add to and increase the volume of overland flow.

On some occasions, residential yard waste had been dumped at the West Street end of Brown Avenue where the pavement ends. This waste may have affected overland sheet flow by concentrating and directing it toward the channel. It may also have added to the total sediment in the lake as runoff can carry small waste particles as it flows to the lake. In spring 2009, household garbage was dumped in the area – apparently on private property – along the lake bank.

At the School Street end of Brown Avenue, an access path to the outfall was cut and maintained to allow sample collection and outfall monitoring. The outfall pipe is in good condition with no apparent restrictions to flow. During the fall, it was noted that fallen leaves tended to impede flow into the catchbasins at the street. Regular cleaning or maintenance of catchbasin grates during the fall will eliminate this issue.

Pelham & Mill Street Area:

At this location, the outfall pipe extends through a wood and concrete bulkhead to the lake. The end of the pipe has been bent out of round. There is a 'sandbar' beneath the pipe where a small boat is stored. The pipe invert at the outfall point has been at or below the lake water level during every site visit. As a result, it was not always possible to measure or estimate the flow rate out of the pipe.

Determining flow rate estimates at this outfall was a challenge for the duration of the project due to the pipe elevation.

Starting in November 2008, stormwater runoff was noted flowing over the edge of the bulkhead directly into the lake from the road on multiple occasions. During the summer of 2009, this overland flow was sampled and analyzed. TSS levels in these overland flow samples were comparable to those measured in the outfall samples. This leads to the conclusion that the solids are suspended in the runoff stream before the flow reaches the catchbasins at the intersection of Pelham and Mill Street. Additional sediment and solids are not suspended near or within the intersection.

Further investigation of the runoff over the bulkhead identified this flow as road runoff that is running out of the street gutter and over the bulkhead before it can be collected by the existing road drainage system. The flow has caused some surface erosion and started to create a channel from the road's edge to the bulkhead. An asphalt patch or berm was constructed, presumably by the Village, to limit further erosion at this location. This patch has slowed, but not blocked, the flow.

On December 10, 2008, it was noted that slightly muddy water was running down Pelham and into the catchbasin at the head of the outfall pipe. The muddy runoff was tracked back to a residential construction project up the hill. The home owner appeared to be constructing a new garage extension/expansion and the area of the yard around the building had turned to mud. We, therefore, expected to see, and did see, an elevated level of total suspended solids in this sample. Construction at this site has since been completed and the yard stabilized with vegetation. We believe that TSS levels in the samples from April and May of 2009 reflect unvegetated soil, road sand, and road salt carried by the runoff.

Veteran's Park Area:

Veteran's Park is one of two sites where we were able to collect samples on every attempt. We believe that we were able to collect samples from this outfall on every attempt because this outfall experiences dry weather flow. As a result, we can identify some trends from the data. The existing outfall is a 42" corrugated metal pipe. The pipe discharges into a short, rip-rap stone lined channel leading directly into the lake. The pipe and the channel are in good condition. The drainage area of this outfall is the largest in this study at 140.1 Acres.

The shoreline and area around the outfall at Veteran's Park remain generally free of litter, presumably due to regular cleanup by Village forces. A silt fence was installed along most of the lake shore line during 2009. Various birds, primarily geese, but also swans and ducks, make the park their home during the warm weather and their droppings are evident throughout the park.

In the fall of 2008, the Village planted seedlings along the lake shore in an attempt to reduce the bird population near the lake by breaking up the existing open field. Most of these seedlings died or were cut down in the spring of 2009. Over the long term, a planting program should help stabilize and protect the lake shore to a certain extent, but is unlikely to affect the outfall flows.

During the initial investigation of the site in June 2008, litter was noted along the lake shore. Since that time, following the installation of the silt fence and other changes at the park, litter is no longer apparent along the shoreline. Occasionally, floatables, such as water bottles or cans, have been noted, but the amount and frequency of such litter has been greatly reduced since the start of this project.

The park also has a boat launch and a dock for residents. The boat launch roadway is paved, but the adjacent parking area is dirt and gravel. Intermittent soil erosion in the parking area between the paved roadway and the dock was noted. Intense rainstorms during the summer of 2009 provided an opportunity to collect two samples of the runoff causing the erosion between the paved boat launch road and the dock. These samples showed that the runoff had high concentrations of TSS. The eroded area directly between the boat launch and the dock was subsequently repaired and paved by the Village between 8/13/09 and 9/11/09. The new pavement appears to have stopped further erosion in the area.

Liss Road Park Area:

The park on Liss Road has two outfalls. The larger outfall carries water from the N.Y.S.D.O.T. Route 9 drainage system and is outfitted with a trash rack. The smaller outfall carries Village drainage system flows. We have been able to collect samples from both outfalls on almost every attempt because both outfalls experience dry weather flow. As at Veteran's Park, enough samples have been collected from these outfalls to identify some trends from the data.

Both outfall pipes are corrugated metal and discharge through a concrete headwall structure to a short, rip-rap lined channel. The headwall and the pipes are in good condition. The drainage area of the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall is approximately 134.8 Acres. The drainage area of the Village outfall is estimated as 14.58 Acres.

During the summer of 2009, there were two occasions where flows out of the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall were dangerously high. No samples could be safely collected from the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall on 6/18/09 or on 7/21/09. Photographs of the extraordinary flow out of the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall are included in the photo log of this report.

The trash rack on the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall tends to collect litter and debris. It is unknown whether trapped material is removed from the rack by hand, if it is forced through the rack by the flow, or if some combination of these actions clear the trash.

In any case, the type and quantity of debris in the trash rack changes with each storm. In general, the area directly around the outfalls is otherwise free of litter and debris. Trash and debris were noted within the park and along the lake shore during past visits. Cursory reviews of the site since have noted some debris and trash remain, but much of it has been removed. Trash collection barrels exist at the park and are maintained.

These outfalls experience dry weather flow which is believed to be the reason we have been able to collect samples on every attempt. The Village is currently working with the N.Y.S.D.O.T. to install Vortechnics stormwater separators along Route 9 to reduce sediment load from Route 9 to the lake. This improvement should directly affect flow out of the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall. The improvement project is currently out to bid and the contract has been awarded. Construction will be partially funded by a separate grant from the N.Y.S.D.E.C. The N.Y.S.D.O.T. will maintain the separators in the future.

3.0 ANALYSIS:

The first part of the analysis for this project required that we identify the drainage areas contributing to the flow out of each outfall. As would be expected, the largest outfall pipes collect runoff from the largest drainage areas. The smaller outfall pipes have small, localized drainage areas. The smallest drainage area, approximately 3 ¼ Acres, flows to the outfall at West Street and Brown Avenue. The largest drainage area, approximately 140 Acres, flows to the outfall at Veteran's Park. The drainage areas for both the outfall at Veteran's Park and the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall at Liss Park include areas outside the municipal boundary of the Village. The existing drainage areas leading to each outfall are shown on the map enclosed with this report. The areas of each drainage basin, as calculated by planimeter, are also shown on the map.

This office made a total of twenty-one (21) attempts to collect water samples from each outfall between June 27th, 2008 and September 11th, 2009. Samples were collected every time from the Village outfall at Liss Park and from the outfall at Veteran's Park. Samples were collected from the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall at Liss Park on all but two occasions. Sampling was more sporadic at the other outfalls because there was not always flow at each outfall. The collection of samples from these other outfalls was not only dependent on the amount of precipitation, but also on the intensity of precipitation at the exact time of collection.

In the Brown Avenue area for example, the rainfall had to be consistently intense in order to create flow and allow sampling from the pipe outfalls. Regardless of the reported amount of rainfall, if precipitation was not intense during the exact time when samples were collected, then there would not be any flow out of the outfall and no sample could be collected. It is believed that the lack of flow from outfalls during low intensity precipitation events, specifically in the Brown Avenue area, is due to the small drainage area.

All known stormwater outfalls from the Village stormwater system were photographed at the start of the study. At some pipe outfall locations, natural channels carrying concentrated overland flow were identified. These overland outfalls were also photographed. No other outfalls to the lake from the Village were identified during the course of the study.

Samples were collected from all of the known outfall locations, except one, during the course of the study. Raw water samples were delivered to Smith Environmental Laboratory to test the level of Total Suspended Solids in each sample. The results from Smith Lab are included with this report and form the basis for the analysis of stormwater runoff sediment load calculations.

Instantaneous flow from each outfall at the time each sample was collected was estimated by timing how long it took for the flow to fill a known volume. In most cases, we measured the amount of time to fill a one liter sample bottle and converted that measurement into gallons per minute. The largest container we had available was a five gallon bucket and so the maximum flow rate we could measure was approximately 300 GPM. Several times the flow from the Veteran's Park and the Liss Park outfalls overflowed the five gallon bucket in less than 1 second. Accurate measurement of flow rates above 300 GPM (5 gallons/ 1 second) was not possible.

Flow rate estimates could not be measured at each outfall on every occasion. In some cases, particularly when flows were small, there was simply not enough discharged water to estimate flow from an outfall point. In other locations, the discharge point was at ground level or submerged thereby preventing measurement of the flow out of the pipe. This often occurred at the End of High Street, the Pelham & Mill Street outfall and the West St. & Brown Avenue outfall. In the particular case of the West Street and Brown Avenue outfall, the pipe was - and remains - partially filled with sediment. The sediment in the pipe is believed to be masking or blocking flow out of the pipe. The overland flow channel at this location was occasionally blocked with debris, thereby spreading out the flow and preventing its collection. Depending on the lake water level and erosion in the overland channel, the discharge was level with the lake surface thereby preventing flow measurement out of the channel at the discharge point. This situation also occurred at the Pelham & Mill Street pipe outfall.

Precipitation data for the study period was taken from NOAA/NNDC/NCDC Climate Data Reports for the Dutchess County Airport Weather Station, Poughkeepsie. This is the closest NOAA weather station to the study area and it is also within the Wappinger Creek watershed. We believe it provides a good estimate of the weather that affected the Village drainage system and the Lake. Precipitation events were identified as "Days with Rain or Drizzle" at the weather station from the NOAA's Global Summary of the Day.

Several graphs of the sample data collected are included with this report. The graphs show the estimated flow (gallons per minute) at the outfall on a given day with the amount of total suspended solids (milligrams per liter of water) measured in the sample. The graphs also note the amount of precipitation recorded by the NOAA weather station at the Dutchess County Airport on each day a sample was collected.

In some cases this spring, no precipitation was recorded at the Airport, but there was rainfall in the Village and samples were collected. On June 3rd specifically, a deliberate attempt was made to collect samples at the very start of rainfall in order to try to measure TSS in the "first flush" of a storm. This yielded limited results as most of the outfalls did not have any flow because it had not rained enough at the time of sampling to generate runoff at most locations.

In other cases, particularly during the summer of 2009, it appears from the NOAA rainfall data that relatively small rainstorms generated unexpectedly large amounts of runoff. For example, on July 16, 2009 a rainfall of 0.5" generated flows equal or greater than several larger rainfall events. Precipitation on adjacent days does generally affect the amount of runoff generated by a given storm. When rain fell the day before a sample was collected, the ground was saturated and the amount of runoff generally increased because rain could not be as easily absorbed into the soil.

This disparity may also be a function of when the samples were collected during each storm. If a sample and accompanying flow rate measurement were collected earlier in a large storm, the flow estimate would not reflect the peak runoff during the storm. Alternatively, if a sample and accompanying flow rate measurement were collected later during a smaller storm, the flow estimate may be larger because of the longer time of concentration. This highlights one of the inherent limitations in the method used to collect flow data.

Some trends appear in the sample data, especially in samples collected from Liss Park and Veteran's Park. There is a definite difference between the summer flows and total suspended solids measurements and the autumn samples, the turning point being the storm on September 9, 2008. There is also a change in TSS visible between summer through fall and winter through spring samples. From November through April, there is an obvious increase in TSS at most every outfall. The late spring was unusually dry in 2009, and so we did not see an expected large increase in runoff and TSS after April. Data from the summer of 2009 indicated increases in TSS over levels measured the previous summer. This is believed to be due to the greater rainfall in the summer of 2009.

The first trend can be explained for the most part by natural processes. In the summer, warm temperatures increase evapo-transpiration and generally drier soil conditions absorb more stormwater, thereby reducing runoff.

In autumn, fallen leaves and vegetation provide increased potential for solids to be suspended and transported by stormwater runoff. Generally wetter conditions and cooler weather also act to increase runoff quantities. In the summer of 2009, unusually wet weather resulted in both increased flows and increased TSS. The TSS increases between November and April we believe to be a result of sand and de-icing salt used over the winter being carried to the lake by stormwater runoff. TSS concentration spikes in March and April support this hypothesis.

It was previously reported that the three largest outfalls, Liss Park NYSDOT, Liss Park Village, and Veteran's Park, carry the greatest volume of runoff and solids to the lake. This remained generally true in the months since our last report and is true for the overall study period. During the summer of 2009, there was one occasion, July 16, in which outfalls at West St. and Brown Ave. carried more solids to the lake than the Liss Park Village outfall.

Though the Liss Park and Veteran's Park outfalls have generally lower concentrations of TSS than the other outfalls, the larger volume of water passing through these three outfalls transports a larger overall amount of TSS to the lake than the other outfalls. It was previously noted that the outfalls with lower flows generally tended to contain higher concentrations of TSS. However, even with the higher concentration of TSS, because the flow rates are much smaller, the lower flow outfalls discharge a small overall amount of TSS to the lake relative to the large outfalls at Veteran's Park and Liss Road.

The discharge from outfalls at the end of High Street and at Pelham & Mill Street were impacted by construction site runoff during the study period. The flow pattern of overland runoff at the end of High Street was changed permanently due to construction in 2008 on Mill Street. The underground drainage pipes and the overall drainage basin areas did not change. The overland flow path was affected by the regrading and paving of Mill Street at the intersection with High Street. The impact at Pelham & Mill Street was temporary, with TSS levels returning to more typical levels in 2009. The sediment laden runoff from up-slope construction activity accounts for at least part of the increase in total suspended solids at these two locations the fall of 2008. Both construction sites were too small to be regulated under the N.Y.S.D.E.C. SPDES Phase II Stormwater Permit for construction.

We have calculated an estimate of the amount of sediment carried by runoff to the Lake during the study period on the days when samples were collected. This calculation yielded a total load of 5,028.09 pounds of sediment and is based only on the field data collected. The amount of sediment generated during each storm does not appear to directly correlate with the total rainfall amount. Sediment is more dependent on the intensity of the storm. We had no way to determine rainfall intensity except to infer from the precipitation reported by the Airport.

We were unable to develop a satisfactory correlation between the TSS in the sampled storms and the precipitation reported at the Airport because TSS levels appear to be dependent on rainfall intensity. There was no statistically meaningful way to extrapolate sediment loading for days when it rained but no samples were collected without having rainfall intensity measurements from both the Airport and from the outfalls during sampling.

We can, however, draw several conclusions from the sample data with regard to the amount of sediment that would be transported to the Lake during a specific size and intensity of storm.

There are seasonal variations in sediment load between the winter and early spring flows and the remainder of the year. Consider the sample data from 11/25/08, 12/10/08, and 3/9/09 in comparison to the rest of the data. First, it is noted that the 24-hour precipitation amount for 12/11/08 was 0.55 inches. The hour at which the 24-hour observations were made is unknown, but we believe a portion of this rain fell on 12/10/08. There are other sample days, such as 7//21/09, where it is only reasonable to assume that a portion of the rain fall reported on the following day occurred on the sample day. Rainfall, and the amount of rain, on adjacent days affects the TSS level measured in the samples and the sediment load since saturated soils result in increased runoff.

We can safely state that precipitation on 11/25, 12/10, and 3/9 was between 0.25" and 0.56" of rain. These relatively small rainfall amounts resulted in relatively larger sediment loads of 240 to 340 pounds per day. In the summer and fall, much larger precipitation amounts were necessary to generate similar loads. For example, on 6/9/09 and 6/18/09 24-hour rainfalls of 1.07 and 0.9 inches respectively resulted in loads of approximately 105 and 250 pounds per day. It is believed that the larger sediment load in the winter is primarily due to de-icing sand and salt on the roads. We can conclude that future rainstorms of the size noted during the winter and early spring would result in similar sediment loads. In other words, a 24 hour rainstorm of approximately 0.25" to 0.5" during the winter or early spring would be expected to result in a total load of between 250 to 350 pounds of sediment per day transported to the Lake. A similar size storm in the summer or fall would be expected to result in a total load of only between 20 and 50 pounds of sediment per day. In the summer, a storm of 0.9" or greater would be needed to generate sediment loads over 250 pounds per day. Storms with less than 0.25" of rainfall during the summer and fall appear to typically generate less than 20 pounds of sediment per day. Summer storms with less than 0.75" of rainfall appear also to typically generate less than 100 pounds of sediment per day. There is no data from the winter and early spring months that establishes the sediment load for storms less than approximately 0.25 inches. It could be argued that such storms may be comparable to summer storms of twice the rainfall. Alternatively, such small storms in the winter may generate reduced sediment load because of the frozen ground and/or snow cover.

There were a couple of unique storms during the study period. The first occurred on 9/9/08, the second on 7/16/09, and the third between 7/21/09 and 7/22/09. These storms generated unusually large amounts of sediment according to our calculations. On 9/9/08 it was noted in the precipitation data that 1.38 inches of rain fell during two (2) six-hour report periods. During at least one of the six-hour report periods, more than 0.5 inches of rain must have fallen. On 7/16/09 it was noted that 0.5 inches of rain fell within one six-hour report period. The 9/9 storm created the largest load of sediment calculated on any sample day during 2008, including the winter storm events. The 7/16 storm created the largest load of sediment calculated during the study period. These high loads also correspond with the highest estimates of total flow from the outfalls in million gallons per day. These two storms had at least one period each of very intense rainfall. The corresponding calculations of estimated flow and total load lead to the conclusion that the intensity of rainfall, reflected in the high flow rates, has a direct effect on the total load of sediment.

It can be further concluded from the sample data that very intense storms, regardless of the total amount of rainfall, will result in the transport of large amounts of sediment to the Lake. This is demonstrated by the above information and the data from the 7/21 storm. A 24-hour rainfall amount of 0.01 inches was recorded at the airport on 7/21/09. A 24-hour rainfall amount of 0.94 inches was recorded on 7/22/09. It is reasonable to infer that a portion of the rain recorded on 7/22/09 actually fell on 7/21/09. Furthermore, based on the total flow of 1.32 MGD calculated for 7/21, it is reasonable to believe that the rain fall was fairly intense for a period during that day. Our field sampling report for that day noted steady rain and heavy flow at all outfalls during the collection of samples. In fact, a sample for TSS analysis could not be obtained from the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall at Liss Park because it was deemed unsafe due to the very heavy flow at the outfall. The total load of sediment calculated for this storm was approximately 416 pounds per day. This amount is much higher than the load calculated for the 6/9/09 storm wherein rainfall of 1.07 inches was reported. The difference in estimated total flow rate further confirms the greater intensity of rainfall during the 7/21 storm.

The storms on 9/9/08, 6/18/09, 7/16/09 and 7/21/09 all had approximate total flow calculated at approximately 1.3 MGD. They also all had total loads of sediment that were significantly higher than other summer storms with comparable, reported precipitation amounts. It can be concluded from the data, and it follows logically, that the total sediment load will be largest at times when the total flow from the outfalls is largest. However, the total flow is not always largest when the reported rainfall is highest. The total flow out of the outfalls was not a simple, direct relationship to the amount of rainfall, but was instead more dependent on the intensity of the rainfall. We would expect that future rainstorms with high intensity, not necessarily high rainfall amounts, will result in the largest sediment load to the lake.

We have calculated an approximate volume of solids delivered to the lake for the sampled storms based on the total load estimates. The unit weight of sediment was assumed to be 100 pounds per cubic foot (pcf). The unit weight of water is 62.4 pcf. The saturated weight of the sediment is the unit weight of the sediment minus the unit weight of water, or 37.6 pcf. The saturated weight was used for the sediment because the load calculations are based on the Total Suspended Solids measurements. Suspended solids measured by the TSS analysis are assumed to also be saturated.

The total volume of sediment calculated from the samples collected during the study period is approximately 133 cubic feet. This amount is calculated only from the 21 samples that were collected and analyzed between 2008 and 2009. The total volume of sediment for the length of the study period, assuming every storm during the period was included in the calculation, could not be determined from the collected data.

The data can be used to predict sediment volumes for future storm events with similar precipitation and intensity levels. For example, during the intense storm on 7/16/09, over half of the volume of solids were transported to the Lake. Other storms of high intensity and high estimated flow rate generated larger volumes and amounts of sediment, relative to the smaller, less intense storms. The lesser storms appear to generate less than 2 cubic feet of sediment per storm, whereas the larger storms generate from approximately 3 to 12 cubic feet of sediment. By this measure, about seven of the samples came from 'larger' storms. The largest storm, on 7/16/09, is in a class by itself.

For the future, it could be predicted that a typical 'large' storm, similar to those occurring 12/10/08 in the winter and 6/18/09 in the summer, would produce six to ten cubic feet of sediment. Storms of these sizes occurred several times during the study period and would likely occur several times per year — at least once per month on average. It could also be predicted that a major storm, similar in size and intensity to the 7/16/09 storm, would produce 60 to 80 cubic feet of sediment. A storm of this size might occur once or twice per year on average.

It is noted that this study encompasses only the outfalls to the Lake from the Village and its vicinity. The total area draining to these outfalls is approximately 310 acres. Located entirely within Dutchess County, the Wappinger Creek watershed, which feeds the Lake, drains approximately 134,871 acres of land within 11 towns and 2 villages. Thirty eight miles long, the Wappinger Creek originates in extensive wetlands and lakes in the Town of Pine Plains. The acreage included in this study represents 0.2% of the total watershed.

4.0 **RECOMMENDATIONS**:

We reiterate our previous recommendation that the Village require all private construction projects and all municipal projects within areas that drain to the lake employ and maintain basic erosion and sediment control measures. These measures should be installed to trap sediment from potential runoff flows entering gutters, storm drains, and streets. Basic measures should be required regardless of the N.Y.S.D.E.C. permit regulations. This requirement could be developed and included as part of the Village's MS4 program.

At Pelham and Mill Street, action should be taken to redirect and limit the overland flow seen running over the existing bulkhead wall. This flow is erosive to the roadway, wall, and sandbar at the base of the wall. Continued erosion could undermine the existing pavement and road shoulder as well as damage the wall. Although the flow rate and the TSS levels are not extremely large, the potential for damage to the road and bulkhead wall should make action at this location a priority.

We recommend, as a result of the photo survey and regular site visits, that the Village continue regular trash pickup at Veteran's Park, Liss Park, and all other Village owned points of public access to the lake. We continue to recommend that the Village plan and arrange for cleanup of trash and debris along the lake shore and within the lake where possible.

Cleanup could be effected by community volunteers as part of the Village's existing public involvement program under the Phase II Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Permit. Alternatively, a mass public cleanup event could be coordinated with annual Earth Day or other environmental events associated with protecting the Hudson River watershed. Consideration of an education and/or involvement campaign that targets private property owners along the lake may be appropriate since some of the debris and trash is only removable through private property. In some locations it appears litter was removed only to be replaced with new litter after a few weeks. We reiterate our recommendation for stricter enforcement of anti-littering ordinances at Village Parks such as Veterans Park and Liss Road.

It is noted that debris remains floating in the lake trapped behind the dam year round. We recommend that the Village work with Windsor Machinery to arrange for removal and disposal of this debris. It is recognized that this debris is a watershed wide issue that cannot be resolved by the Village alone. It is also recognized that this debris does not necessarily affect the sediment transported to the lake. However, the same type of concentrated, watershed-wide, effort needed to clean up and reduce the debris pollution behind the dam should also help reduce sedimentation of the lake.

We suggest that the path to the outfall at School Street and Brown Ave. be cleared of brush during the growing seasons to facilitate general monitoring of the lake and outfall.

Lastly, we recommend that the outfall pipe at West Street and Brown Ave. be cleaned of all existing sediment. Since this area has apparently been used in the past as a dump for yard waste and residential debris, regular maintenance to clean out the pipe and the area around the outfall should be considered. The surrounding neighborhood may be an ideal location to test a future public education and involvement campaign to reduce pollution directed at lake front property owners. Alternatively, this may be a good location to establish an "Adopt An Outfall" program. During our most recent visit to the site on December 16, 2009, a "No Dumping" sign had been posted near the outfall, at the end of Brown Avenue. It is worth continuing to monitor this site to see if the sign causes a reduction in the amount of material dumped at this site.

5.0 **SUMMARY**:

Historical and anecdotal evidence state that Wappinger Lake used to be much deeper and that, over the years, the Lake has slowly been filled with sediment and silt. It is known that the existing storm drainage systems discharges some sediment and solids into the Lake. This study has attempted to quantify the amount of sediment and silt discharged to the Lake through the Village's storm drainage system.

In mapping the drainage areas, this study has outlined areas draining to the lake which are either outside the Village boundaries or not controlled by the Village. Areas outside the Village, specifically the N.Y.S.D.O.T. outfall at Liss Park, carry as much or more silt and sediment to the Lake as areas within the Village. The outfalls from the two largest drainage areas, at Liss Park and Veteran's Park, were found to experience dry weather flow. It was beyond the scope of this study to determine the source(s) of this flow. No other outfalls carried flow in dry weather.

The scope of this study was limited to the Village. A larger study would be necessary to address the larger issue of siltation, sedimentation and general pollution of the Lake from the Wappinger Creek and the overall, upstream watershed. The larger watershed appears to be the source of most of the debris and trash behind the dam. However, the Village must continue to clean up trash and debris at Village Parks and points of public access to the Lake in order to avoid adding to the debris in the lake.

Appendix "A"

Total Suspended Solids Analysis Test Results

Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Analyzis - Test Results

_	_	K				_		-	_	_		
	ız	Liss Rd Village	Votorana Park	Polivan & Na St	Dam - North Cuffet	Dain - South Cullet	School St & Brown	West St & Brown	End of High St (U	End of High St (Dam) West & Brown Overland	tend (Muli & Peltam Overland	Id Velectors Park Book Laurich
d m	Est Flow TSS most											
Sample Date									Alternate Sample for	<u> </u>		
0/27/2008 10	16.6 GPM -	1 6.3 GPM	< 1 3.8 GPM	4								
	3.55 P.E.	3:50 PM	320 PM									
34 80027F42	40.5 GPM <	100PM	-1 TO GPU	0		Unable to <1	-]	Unable to i	<u> </u>		
	8.53 VM	9:55 AM	8.40 AM	8.30 AM	8:15 AM		BOX AMI		9/20/AM			
7/23/2008 77	78.0 GPM	6 13.2 GPM	5 28 GPN	6 Submerger	11 Did not collect sample	n	30 GPM	55 madeq. Fix	8 Did not collect samp	屋		
L	4:28 PM	4:32 PM	*14 PM	3:56 PM			3:25 PM	3/40 PM		<u></u>		
8/19/2006 27	M450 E.22	26.7 GPM	175 GPW	<u> </u>	L 	ľ	ľ	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	L		
	11:27 AM	11:32 AM	10:38 AM	10:29 AM	11:00 AM	11:00 AM	10:25 AM	10:15 AM	11:00 AM	<u></u>		
× 8002/6/6	200 GPW 1	(0) >300 GPM	8 300 GPM	67 1.96 GPM	12 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	CHANGED		32 Unable to I	3 3,97 GPM	32 Additional Sample for	<u>*</u>	
_	11:25 AM	11:20 AM	11:10 AM	11:00 AM	10:50 AM	10:50 AM	10:45 AM	10:30 AM	10:55 AM	Location 8	_	
9/26/2008 20	Md5 002	4 150 GPM	3 160 GPM	20 Inaded Fit	6 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	G CHANGED	18.8 GPM	2 Unable to I	25 0.53 GPM	43 7.0 GPM 1	5	
r	11:45 AM	11:42 AM	11:25 AM	11:15 AM	10:58 AM	10:55 AM	10:42 AM	10:26 AM	10:58 AM	10:30 AM	_	
10/28/2008 10	100 GPM	3 24 GPM	1 71.4 GPM	10 Inaded Fix	S NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	CHANGED .	0.28 GPW	0	Los electroni	22 3.17 GPM	<u> </u>	
	11:00 AM	10:55 AM	10:40 AM	10:15 AM			9:53 AM	9:40 AM	10:05 AM	8:40 AM		
11/25/2006 25		34 150 GPM	29 160 GPM	37 Inadeq. Fix	50 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	IS CHANGED	2,11 GPM 81]	200	_	
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-]	100 00 00	10 S AM	200.00	or included and a second contract	- Company	0,00 07 88	_]			
	411				-							
3/9/2009 40].		272 85.7 GPM	S maden Fx	8 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	C CHANGED	3.86 GPM 282		ŀ]	346	
		S COLOR		THE THE	TEN ACCESS IN	S CLANSON	O-NO CANA	W.C. Agre	MAY DOTA	14.00		-
1	11:00 AM	10:50 AM	100 S G G M	10,335 VW	NO ACCESS - LOCKS CONNECTO	6 CONNECTO	95 A	950 Å	10:21 AM	950 AR		
4/21/2009 75	75 GPM <	10.1 GPM	<1 51.7 GPM	2 0	NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	GCHANGED	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	
_	11:42 AM	11:40 AM	11:30 AM	11:24 AM			11:13 AM	11:10 AM	11:20 AM	11:10 AM		
5/14/2009 10		8 20.3 GPM	3 26 1 GPM	4 inadion Fix	158 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	G CHANGED	° 	∟ °	L 	°		
ļ.,	2:10 PM	2:05 PM	2:20 PM	2/25 PM			2:42 PM	2:50 PM	2:28 PM	2:50 PM		
B002208	40 GPM	1 13.8 GPM <1	20 GPM	2	NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	GCHANGED	ľ	L]		ľ		
·	225 PM	2.20 PM	2 X5 PM				2:00 PM	206 PM	120 PM	2:06 PM	iL -	_
E ROZZES	3003	10 CE 2	Z ZOO GPW	26 maded FK	19 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	GCHANGED			ľ	DE OFFICE ST	Additional Sample for	_
1	10:45 AM			10:15 AM:			9:45 AM	9:25 AN		8:22 AM	_	Location 3
- 600Z/BL/	678/2009 > 300 GPM DB not oo	XI SOUE OF	25 ×300 GPW	42 SUDMINION	19 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	G CHANGED	OLIT GPM	2.44 GPM	61 7.22 GP M		81 9.33 GPM 38	2.26 GPM
	THE WAY	S CONTRACT	VON COM	TOWN AM!	M LO ACCECC I COL	- CLANSED	2 4 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	INV CASA	INTA OC.R	D 17 COLUMN	IND OUR	1022
1	ANA CANA	0.67 AM	MY UN'S	MY CE-6			POY AM	245 ALC				
7/18/2009 > 300 GPM		37 300 GPM	12 >300 GPM	673 Submerce	39 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	G CHANGED	Ī		178 1.44 GPM	ſ	513 0.09 GPM 32	
_		12:13 PM	12:00 PM	11:45 AM			٦	11:17 🔉	11:38.44	11:15 AM	=====================================	
7/21/2009 >	>300 GPM Did not po	v	12 >300 GPM	102 2.65 GPM	8 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	G CHANGED		29 0.63 GPM	80 5.29 GPM		32 7.22 GPM 7	1.59 GPM
_	11:49 AM		11:26 AM	11:17 AM			10:55 AM	11:10 AM	11:08 AM	10:60 AM	11:19 AM	11:30 AM
8/13/2009 17	Ma⊙ 9∡1	3 40 GPM	2 150 GPM	4 hadet Fk	13 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	GE CHANGED	1.44 GPM	3 0	inadeq. Fit	96 0.22 GPM	0	_
-	10:06 AM	10:02 AM	9:53 AM	9:43 AM			9:20 A M	9:10 AM	9:36 AM	9:10 AM	9:45 AM	
9/1/2009 15	M45 051	8 107 GPM	4 136 GPM	21 Submerger	6 NO ACCESS - LOCKS CHANGED	G CHANGED	3.31 GPM	0	1.56 GPM	18 0.40 GPM	22 0.38 GPM 6	Newly Paved - No Flow
	146 F	736 5	2:23 PM	2:14 PM			1:58 PM	1:50 PM	2:07 PM	1:50 PM	2:16 PM	220 PK

Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
leteran's Park Outlet	3:20pm	15.75 SEC/ I GAL	MALTH OF DRATAL PEPE OUTFALL	PHO1
rance Less RD	3:40pm	9.55EC/ IGAL	BROWN POPE OUTFALL	PHO
DOT ISS RD	3:4 5 AM	9.55EC/ 1GAL 3.6SEC/ 1GAL	(DOT-LEFT)	PHK
				_
Additional l	Locations:			
		,		
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	INING WHILE SAMPLES I	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
WATER. SAMPLES H	EXITING ELO IN REF	THE STORM DRAIN PORTON FROM FRIDA	196 1 Afternoon – Delivered	
SAMPLES H TO SMETH	ELO IN REFI (ENV. LAB	RIDGERATOR FROM FRIDA ON MONDAY 6/30/08 AT	1 AFTERNOON - DELIVERED	
Technician:	JES.		Date: 6/27/08	



ate: 7/		Temp:	
eather: <u>/</u>	105724 Cco	UDY, INTERFER SHOWE	eks previous n
otal Suspe	nded Solids N	leasurement	
ample ocation	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
Satool 4 Brown	8:52 Am	NO FLOW	
	8 :00,4~	NO FLOW	
DAMI- NORTH	9:15AM	NOFLOW	
DAMZ- SOUTH	9:20 Am	LOW - UNABLE TO MEASURE DUE TO OUT FILL LOCATION	SAMPLE TAKEN
POLYMAN.	9:35Am	NOFLOW	
Park Park	9:40 Ara	5GAL/4.28 SEC	4818 GMP
DOT DOT	9155 AM	5GAL 17.45EC	
LESS PARK VELLAGE	9:554m	56AL / 30 SEC.	
dditional L	ocations:		
 .	·		
	-		
dditional C	Comments:	LE RATH FALLTHE DURING SAM	PLING PERTOD.
N A STRE	ING FROM	ATION G BY HANGING BOTT	IT THE LEGIL
echnician:	JES.		Date: 7/14/08

Υ	otal Susper	nded Solids M	easurement	
	ample ocation	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
	CHOOY (7)	3125 PM		RE-LABEL BOTTLE.
#16) E	DUN (8)	3:40PM	FLOW NOT ADEQUATE TO MEASURE	COULD NOT SAMPLE MY PIPE END, USED ENDOF
		7	OVERFLOW FROM COMPACE COMPACED. TOOK SAMP	
D M.	TIL @	3:56 PM	PIPE END SUBMERGED. TOOK SAMP WATER NOT VISIBLY MOVING.	LE AT END OF PIPE
	TERNS 3)	4:14 PM	5GAL/10.7SEC	
NI.	15001 ()	4,28 pm	5GAL / 3.8SEC	
V.	s Ro. O	4:32 PM	5GAL / 22.8SEC	
A	dditional L	ocations:		
	 -			
				
_				
		<i>6</i> 5		
A.	dditional C VKペンチタ	Comments: <u>6</u> HT STOQAO	DELIVERED SAMPLES TO SI	OFFICE FOR MITH LAGS
			STOPPED N3145PM.	METH LAGS

FIELD SAMPLING REPORT

Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

Temp: <u>756</u>

Date: AUGUST 19, 2008

		DY, SCATTERED SHOWERS K STOPPED AS I G	OT TO VILLAGE.
otal Suspe	ended Solids N	Aeasurement	
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
8	10:15 Am	NOFLOW	NOT RAINING
7	10:25Am	NO FLOW	NOT RAINING
4	10:29 Avn	NO FLOW	NOT RADILING
3	10: 3 m	7/20TS / 15 SECS	NOT RACKLING.
<u></u>	11:00 Am	NO FLOW	NOT RADING
o	11:00 AM	NO FLOW	NOT RAINLING,
DOT	11:27 AM	5GAL/11SECONDS 5GAL/44.8 SECONDS	"
2 VILLAGE	11:32 Am	5 GAL /44.8 SECONDS	, u
dditional I			
·			
dditional (Comments: R	AIN FALLING AS I LEFT.	OFFICE TO COLLECT SA
		T. AREWED IN VILLAG ILY AT 3 OUTFALLS. TO	
echnician: _	プレく.		Date: 8/19/08

Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
LESS PARK DOT	11:25	> SGAL/SEC	HYDRAULIC JUMP A. BUTLET.
LISSPACE VEURGE	11:26	> 5GAL 1SEC	
VETERMS	11:10AM	56AL/ASEC FLOWEN PEPET	5" DEEP, 42"9
MILL & PELHAM	11:00an	1L/85ECS	SAMPLE FROM PETPE END
DAM-1 Naeth	10:50AM	HO ACCESS	TOOK SAMPLE
DAM-2 SOUTH	, , , , , , ,	LOCKS CHANGED	CAPTURED OVER LAND FLOW DOWN HEATH ST
SCHOOL+ BROWN	10:45	4073 135EG	
WEST+ BROWN	10:30AM	NO WAY TOMEASURE	SAMME FROM BAE END
Additional I	ocations:	•	END OF HIGH S
9	10:55		TO SLUTCE DS. O
			SAND 6.
Additional (Comments: <u>Le</u>	CKS CHANGED AT DAM. P	VO ACCESS TO OUT
TOOK SAMP	LE OF WATER	2 FLOWING DOWN HIGH STREE	ET AT INC

Date: 9/2	26/08	Temp: 5	30F	
Weather:	RAIN - S	TEADY	····	9
Total Suspe	nded Solids M	easurement		
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
LISS PARK	11.45 AM	5 GAL / 1.50EC	KOCK CAUGHT IN GR DISPERSED FLOW AT OU	MET. SPLASH
2 VILLAGE	11:42m	5GAL /2SEC		
3 VETERAN'S PARK	11:25 AM	56AL/2SEC	HEAVY, FRAT, FLOW	
4 MILLO 4 PELHAM	11:15 AM	NOWAY TOMEASURE	SAMPLE FROMEND OF PIPE	
5		NO ACCESS		
#		LOCKS CHANGED ON GATES		
-7 SCHOOL+ BROWN	10:42 AM	10 QTS / 85EC		
8 BROWN		NO WAY TO MEASURE	WHER CLEWER EXTRAG PEPETHIN WATER FLOWER TO JETS LAND.	9 7
Additional I 9 Hught 9 STALET WEST J 10 BASWN	10:30AM	LITER / 305EC SQTS / 10.7SEC	INLET / DRAIN TO SHILLE DS. OF DAM ALTERNATE TO LOC. 5	Ho
			DVEXLAND	
Technician:	J. STANKAVA	46€	Date: 9/26/08	

ample ocation	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
BROWN	9:40.Am	NOFLOW	RAIN STORPED
BROWN	9153AM	11/55.056CONDS	RAEN STAPPED
		NOACCESS-LOCKS	
-		HAVE BEEN CHANGED	
PELHAM	10:15 Am	TO LITTLE FLOWTO MEASURE	RAW STOPPED
VETERWS PARK.	10:40 AM	56AL /4,25EC.	RAIN STRETED AGAIN
ISS PARK	10:55 ALI	5GAL / 12/2 SEC.	RAINING
ce bus	11:00 AM	56AL / 3SEC	RATHETNICO
	Locations:		
WEST BROWN	9:40 Am	11/5 SECONDS	OVERLAND FLO DOWN STI
IGH TO END	10:05 AM	TRIKLE FOR MEASURE	OUTLET AT END OF IN BASS BEFORE DA
		- Marie Control	PARTICLE STATE OF THE
	<u>-</u>		
		OCATION 10 - ALTERNATE T	1000-8

mple	Time	Estimated Flow Rate	Notes
ocation		(Gal/Second)	
lest or Brown	gans	NO FLOW OUT OF PLATE; NO PREASURABLE FLOW OVERLAND (LOCATION 10)	LIGHT RAIN - EDGE OF LAKE FROZEN:
BODINY	9:12m	1L/7.5 SEC	LIGHT RAIN
LISS PARK VILLAGE	9:30AM	5GAL/2SEC	RATHEAVIER
1555 PARK NYSDOT	9:35m	5 GAL 1.1.2 SEC	V
Ut GAARIS	9:55 AM	5GAL/2SEC	
MJUL2 PÉLHAM	10:05AM	MEASURE	rain lightening up.
		NO ACCESS	
		100 1000)	
lditional I	Locations:		
Westa Brown	911	NO FLOW OVERLAND OR THROUG	
endof Hitghiss:	10;15AM	DIFFUSE, TRICKLE FLANT TOO LITTLE	
4.164.55	IV / JAM	TO MEMULE	INGRASS BYOKE DAM SLUTT VISTBLE WOODENG OF WI
			TO CONSTRUCTION ON ACT
TRE 14.61 OWN THE FREST & M	IEGED IN GO ROAD ONERLA END AND ONE	IEE SLETCH ON BACK TO TEND OF HIGH ST WHER USE MASS. NO FLOW OUT OF PIPE TOWN NO ON "WEST" SIDE GUTTEN ITME, N CHAVES BACK TO FLOW OUT LORNER	Y. AU FLOW COMES IS PUSHED OUT TO A OF PAVEMENT TUN
ancias Gus	S JUST BE FOR	E SINTLE AND DOWNSTREAM OF OLD PO	DEEND. WATER VISIO
		DAM MILL ST.	Date: 11/25/08
echnician: _	J. STANKA	VAGE	Date. 11 /2/100

Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
BROWN	9,30am	FLOW ENADEOMATE FOR SAMPLE	WITHIN EIPE WAS DRY.	
ENOULD-	9:45	11/2.55EC	GUTTER CONTING DOWN SCHOOL	ST, HEL
MILLY	10:05Am	11/3.75 SEC	TOOK SAMPLE FROM EITE OF WITED FLOW OFFICE AND FROM	TREE IS
VETERANS PARK	10:15AM	56AL/2.2SEC	SEE BELOW.	OVER EN RD. 1 SEE BE
LESS PAUX NYLSDOT	10:35AM	5GAL/ < 1sec	BUCKET FULL IN LESS THAN 1 SECOND. TOOK PHOTOS,	
ISS PARK VILLAGE	10:30mm	5'GAL/ 1.65EC	TOOK PHOTOS	
6	Locations:	FLOW FMADERY ATE FOR		
roomonai .		SAMPLE -	OVERLAND FLOW. TOOK PHOTOS.	
WESTO- BROWN	9:35 Am			
WESTO- BROWN	9:59 _{AM}	14,2 sec	OVERLAND FLOW	
WESTO BROWN ENDOF	9:35 Am 9:59Am	14,2 SEC	OVERIAND FLOW	
WESTO BROWN ENDOF	9:35 Am 9:59Am	14.2 sec	OVERLAND FLOW	

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FIELD SAMPLING REPORT

Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

Date: MA	гсн 9, 20	09 Temp:	43°F
Weather: <u>R</u>	AMN OVERNI	GHT + PREVIOUS DAY; CLOUDY, N	10 RAIN AT STALT OF SAMPLING
Total Suspe	nded Solids M	easurement	
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
8 BROWN	9:50AM	NO FLOW	
7 SCHOOL+ 7 BROWN	9:55mm	NO FLOW	
4 MILL + PELHAM	b:07AM	NOT ADEQUATE TO MEASURE	STANTED TO SPRINKLE
3 PARK	10:14am	5GAL /3.55ECS	RAINING
2 VILLAGE	10:25AM	5GAL/4SEC 5GAL/7SEC	4)
LISS PARK NYSDOT	10:25 AM	SGAL/ TSEC	
,		:	
Additional I	ocations:		
10 WEST+	9:50AM	NO FLOW	OVERLAND ELOW
END OF 9 HIGHST. 3 SCHOOLE	10:00 Am	NO FLOW	OVERLAND FLOOD
/ BROWN	10:40m	1L/45EC	RAINING - RETURNED RAIN STANTED.
10 prown	10:45am	12/11sec	RADING-RETURNED AFTE
RETURNED TO	D BROWN AVE.	WAGE SMELL NOTED AT LO OUTFALLS AFTER RATH STAR	TED AND ABLE TO
MEASURE	2 SAMPLES IN BOTH THS	. FLOW AT LOCATION 8 WAS NOT AL TANCES. VISIONE CLOUDINGSS/M	DEQUATE TO COLLECT OR UDDYNESS TO WATER POWERAGE
DOWN SCHOOL UP THE STA	STREET AND OL	IT OF PUPE END - APPARENTULF	ROM CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDING,
Technician:	J.511 P. PA	NKAVAGE GGI	Date: 3/9/09



	IL 3, 200	79 Temp:	534
Weather: <u>K</u>	AIN	8,64,5,64	
Total Suspe	nded Solids M	easurement	
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
8 BROWN	9:50	NOFLOW	
7 BROWN	9:57	NO FLOW	
4 MILL + PELHAM	10:33	NOT ADEQUATE TO MEASURE FLOW RATE	RAIN SOWING AGAIN.
3 VETERAN'S PARK	10:43	SGAL /8SECS.	
2 WALLAGE	10:58 AM	5GAL / 13.55EC 5GAL / 35SEC	MILKY COLOR, SEWER SMELL
LISS PARK NYSDOT	11:00 Am	5GAL / 35SEC	
Additional L	ocations:		
10 BROW	9:50 Am	NO FLOW	OVERLAND FLOW
9 HIGHST.	10:21Am	11/22 SEC.	OVERLAND FLOW RATHONG HARDER,
Additional C	Comments: 5	HOWERS DURING SAMPLING.	PRECIPITATION VARIET
AT MILL + PE	ZHAM OUTFAL	OM MIST AND DRIZZLE TO MODUL, WATER RUNNING OVERLAND FR CHEAD' WALL.	OM STREET OVER THE
	J. STANKANAC C. MADRE	GE	Date: 4/3/09



Date: 4/21/09		Temp	:50°F	
Weather: MIST, DRIZZLE HEAVY RAIL PREVIOUS NIGHT				
Total Suspended Solids Measurement				
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
8 BROWN	11:10AM	NOFLOW		
7 Brown	11'113am	ND FLOW		
4 PELHAM	11'124AM	NOFLOW		
3 PARK	11:30AM	5GAL/5.8SEC 5GAL/29.6SEC	STORED RATING/DELZ	ZLING.
2 VILLAGE	11:40am	5GAL/29.6SEC		
1 I S FARK	11:42am	5GAL/4SEC		
		,		
Additional I	ocations:			
10 WEST+	11:10 Am	NO FLOW	OVERLAND FLOW	
9 HIGHST	11:20 AM	MO FLOW	OVERLAND FLOW	
		····		
Additional Comments: No FLOW AT ANY OUTIMUS EXCEPT 1, Z+3 AS NOTED.				
SEDIMENT/	GRAVETE / STU	LETE VISTALE IN ROA	DUJAMS AND GUTTERS	
AT PELHAM AND AT BROWN AVE MOST LICELY A RESULT OF PREVIOUS NIGHT'S				
Technician:	JES.	 	Date: 4/21/09	

Date: MA	414,2009	Temp:_ <i>68</i> *	°F
Weather: <u>R</u>	ATIN STANSTED	N 10; 30AM; RAINENG ON WAY TO LAND	SLOWED AND STOPPED WHEN WE
Total Suspe	nded Solids M	easurement	REACHED FIRST SAMM
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
WEST & BROWN	2:50em	NO FLOW	CLEMING SKEES
Settool + Blown	2:42Pm	NO FLOW &	RATIN STOPPED
4 PELHAM	2:25pm	TOO LITTLE FLOW TO MERSURE PATE	LIGHT SPRWXLES
3 VETERN'S	12,20011	5 GAL / 11.55EC	SPRINKLING
2 LISS PARK VELLAGE	2:05pm	5GAL / 11.5SEC 5GAL / 14.75SEC	SPOPPED RAINING
LISS PARK NYSDOT	2:10pm	5GAL/3SEC	
•			
Additional I	Locations:		
10 BROWN	2:50m	NOFLOW	OVERLAND FLOW
E IA AC	2:28pm	NO FLOW - MEATEN	OVERLAND FLOW
		IND SLOWED AND STOPPED WAS	
•	on of SAAM		
Technician:	T. STANKE	WASE	Date: 5/14/09



Date: Jun	1€3,2	009 Tem	p: 64°F
Weather:	IGHT RAT	J (JUST STARTED AS ILLEFT	a face)
Total Suspe	nded Solids M	easurement	
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
O WEST F O BROWN	2:05pm	NO FLOW	LIGHT RAIN FALLING
7 SCHOOL+	2:00PM	NO FLOW	11
4 MILL + PELHAM	2:45	NO FLOW	LIGHT RAIN FAZLING
3 VETERAN'S 3 PARK	2:35on	5GAL/15SEC	LIGHT PATA FALLING
2 LISS PARK VILLAGE		56AL/22 SEC	LIGHT RAIN FALLING
LISS PARK NYSOOT	0.05	56AL / 7.5SEC	И
Additional L	ocations:		
10 BROWN	2:05PM	NOFLOW	LT. RAIN FALLING OVERLAND FLOW
9 END OF HEGH ST.	1:55 pm	No Fion	UT RAINFALLING. OVERLAND FLOW
			
		GILT RAIN DURING SAM START (FIRST FLUSH)O	
INTENSE	TY WAS I	VADERLIATE TO GENERA	TE RUNOFF AT MOST STIES
Technician:	T. STANKAVA	9E	Date: <u>6/3/09</u>

FIELD SAMPLING REPORT

Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

Temp: 64°F

Date: JUNE 9,2009

Weather: RAIN OVERNIGHT; RAIN/ SHOWERS WEING, DAY (AM.)				
Total Suspended Solids Measurement				
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
8 BROWN	9:25Am	1/2 LITER /2 MINS + VERY LOW. ENDER PIPE CLOGGED WI VEGETATIONS SEDMENT	PACUSCULAGE ASIAMOSVEDI	or stre.
7 SCHOOL &	9:45 AM	TISTER / 20 SEC		
4 PELHAM	Com Com	FLOW NOT ATEQUATE TO MEASURE RATE. COLLECTED SAMPLE FROM POOL	TEND OF PIPE. SERVE	DE OUTFALL. MOENT HASMON
3 PARK	10:30 AM	SGAL KISEC		TOWARD LAKE LNTERIER OM
2 LISS PARK VILLAGE	10:42 AM	SGAL/GSEC.		
LISS PARK NYSOOT	10:45am	5GAL/ ISEC±		
Additional L	ocations:			
10 Banual	9:22Am	ILEPER/KISECONDS	OVERLAND FLOW RAIN STOPPED.	
9 HEGH ST.	9:55an	NOT ADEQUATE FLOW TO MEASURE RATE.	OVERLAND FLOW	
Additional Comments: RATH STOPFED N 9155AM. AT MELL + PELHAM AND AT BROWN + STED WEST ST TOOK PHOTOS. OBVIOUS EROSEON AT				
MILL+F	PECHAM .	- MOVEMENT OF SEDIMENTUME LOSS PARK-MSDOT WERE > 5	RECENT. FLOW	RACES
Technician:	T.STANKAUF	1GE	Date: 6/9/09	



Date: JUNE 18, 2009 Temp: 65°F				
Weather: RAIN PREVIOUS NIGHT THROUGH MORNING				
Total Suspended Solids Measurement				
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
O BROWN	9:45AM	1L/6.5 SEC	RAINING HARDER	
7 SCHOOL + BROWN	9:25AM	1L/6.5 SEC 1L/10IN 17 SEC	"TRICKLE" FLOW, WERELIGHT FLOW	
4 PELHAM	10:00 Am	OUTFALL END PARTLY SUBMERGED COULDNOT DETERMENE FLORAL PATE	,	
3 VETERAN'S 3 PARK	10:15AM	5GAL/ < ISEC	SILT FENCE INSTALLED ALONG LAKE SHOKE	
2 LISS PARK VILLAGE	10:40AM	56AL / < 15EC		
LISS PACK NYSOUT	10:42AM	NO SAMPLE COLLECTED SOCALY)	SEE PHOTOS UNSAFE TO SAMPLE	
Additional L	ocations:			
10 BEDUAL	9:35AM	LIGHT RATIN, COULD NOT MEASURE	OVERLAND FLOW	
4 END OF HEGH ST.	9:55 gra	1L/2250	OVERLAND FLOW	
	0.65Ara	11/17586.	OVERLAND STREET, SEE	
12 phatiaunch	10:22AM	1/3.55EC	OF DRAGNAM, SEEPHOTO)
_		SS PARK NYSDOT OUTFALL		
DUE TO EX	PACRITUARY	VER SEEN BEFORE NOT SAFI (FLOW, COLLECTED FROM ENDOF	BOATLAUNCH PHURMENT AT	
PLINOFF AT	WATEL WAS EN	OUGH TO GENERATE PUNOFF. ALSO N-FLOW RUNNING OVER EDGE OF BUL AND MIRLY PELHAM OVERIAND	CHEADRETED OVERLAND	
Technician:	J. Stankani	and mullifelham overeand	Date: 6/18/09_	



Temp: 70°F

Date: July 2, 8009

Weather: RAIN PREVIOUS NIGHT; DRIZZLE, PAIN SLOWED + STORPED UPON ARRIVAL				
Total Suspended Solids Measurement				
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
O BROWN	8:55 AM	MOFLOW	NOT RATIFITATION	
7 SCHOOL + BROWN	9:07AM	16/86sec	NOTRAIN ING	
4 MILL + PELHAM	9:32	OUTFALL SUBMERGED	COLLECTED SAMPLE ANYWAY	
3 VETERAN'S 3 PARK	9:40 AM	56ALK ISEC	LASTEDN SMINS NOTHER ATT	
2 LISS PARK VILLAGE		5GAL / 5SEC	NOT RAINING	
LISS PACK NYSOUT	10:00 AM	5GAL/155C	NOT RAINING	
Additional I	ocations:			
10 BROWN	9:00A-1	1LITER/905EC+	MISTING OVERLAND FLOW	
9 HIGH ST.	9:20m	NO FLOW	OVERLAND FLOW	
Additional Comments:				
			- * * * · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, I	
Technician:	T STANKAY	Date: 7/2/69		

FIELD SAMPLING REPORT

Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

Temp: 72°F

Weather: HEAVY PATH TO UNDER & LIGHTENTING; HUMED				
Total Suspended Solids Measurement				
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes	
O WEST + O BROWN	11:17AM	1 L/Isec	THUNDERS FROM M SIRVET FLOOD IN G AT EMBBY LAKE	
7 SCHOOL+ BROWN	11:30Am	1L/1,4SEC	PAGEN STOPLED.	
4 MELLAM	11:45AM	SUBMERGED-COULD NOT MEASURE FROW RATE	SUN OUT	
3 VETERAN'S PARK	12:00pm	>5GAL/ISEC	FLOW IS VERY DIRTY. BROWN FROM OUTFALL.	
2 LISS PARK VILLAGE	16.15 PM	54AL /1SEC		
I LISS PACK NYSOUT	12:15 pm	> SEAL / ISEC	EXTRAORDINARY FIOW KATE	
Additional L	ocations:		MORE TLOW THAN I'VE FLAX	
10 BROWA	11:16AM	IL/15EC	OVERLAND FLOW SEEN!	
A Charles	11:38AM	1L/11SEC	OVERLAND FLOW	
(I) LEGIMO	11:50AM	1L/2nINJ43SEC	OVERIAND FLOWIL	
	·			
		ANY PARA ON A ARTHALO WESTST.		
AFTER COL	LECTONG 4-6	ECOPITALS FIRST 2 LAMPLE ISS PARK NYSDOT BUTFALL HE	SE. VETERAN'S PARK OUTFALL	
FLOW RATE				
Technician:	J. STANKA	VAGE	Date: 7/16/09_	

FIELD SAMPLING REPORT
Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant
N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

Date: 7/2//09 Temp: 65°F

کے:Weather	TEADY PAID	J DURTHY ENTERE COLLECTIO	N PERTOD
Total Suspe	nded Solids M	easurement	
Sample Location	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
O BROWN	10:45	1L/258EC	
7 SCHOOL+ BROWN	10:55	14/3.55EC	
4 PELHAM	11:17AM	14/65EC	
3 VETERAN'S PARK	11:26AM	>5GAL / ISEC	
2 LISS PARK 2 VILLAGE	11:48 AM	>5GAC/1SEC	LOST BOTTLE ON FURST SAMPLUNG ATTEMPT.
LISS PARK NYSOUT	# . 49 AP4	MUCH VERY HEAVYFLU > SGAL/ISEC SAFELY OBTAIN	I - COULD NOT I SAMPLE
	,		
Additional L	ocations:		
10 BROWN	10:50	14/45EC	OVERLAND FLOW
9 HEAH ST.	11:08mg	1L/35EC	FLOW OUT OF IN THE OWNTHIS 546 NOTED-FEED FROM ACROSS WE OVERTAND FLOW
1 PEUTAM+	11:19An	1L/2.2sec	OVERLAND FLOW.
VETSPARK OVERLAND/ DOMILANDEL	11130AM	11/10 sec	PANED BOAT LAUNCH & FORK
Additional C		ANY FLOW NOTED AT ALL OUTP	
		WERE EROSTON ALONG EDGE	
<u>KUND HAD CA</u> BETWEEN BAY	CHENT + DOCK	LINKET CHAPINEL, CONCENTRATING FL - COLLECTED SAMPLE LISS DACK-NYS	DOT OUTFALL LIAS
		LORDINALY HIGH FIND	
Technician:	T. STANIUN/AG	E.	Date: 7/21/09

FIELD SAMPLING REPORT

Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

Location	1 tme	Estimated Flow Rate	Total Suspended Solids Measurement Sample Time Estimated Flow Rate Notes				
QWESTY		(Gal/Second)	Notes				
	9:10m	NO FLOW	ETTE FULL OF SELT/POTET				
7 BROWN	9:20AM	1 L/11SEC					
PELHAM C	1:43Am	FLOW NOT ADDOUATE TO MEASURE	OUTFALL SUBMERGED				
	9:53AM	5GAL/2SEC.	RAIN STRAPTING				
100000	0:02	5GAL [7.5SEC					
LISS PARK I	0:06	5GAL / 1.7 SEC					
Additional Lo	cations:						
10 BEDWALL	7:10	1/2 / 35 SEC	OVERLAND FLOW				
	7:35	FULL INADESMATE TO MEASURE LATER	MINSLAWED TO DATELLY OVERLAND FLOW ON	E/ OIL SHEEN SUBJACED WATER			
1 MICE 6	4:45	Noflow	OVERLAND FLOW				
Additional Co		SHEEN NOTED ON POOL OF WATE	R AT END OF HIGH S	7.			

Technician: J.STANKAVASE

Date: 8/13/09

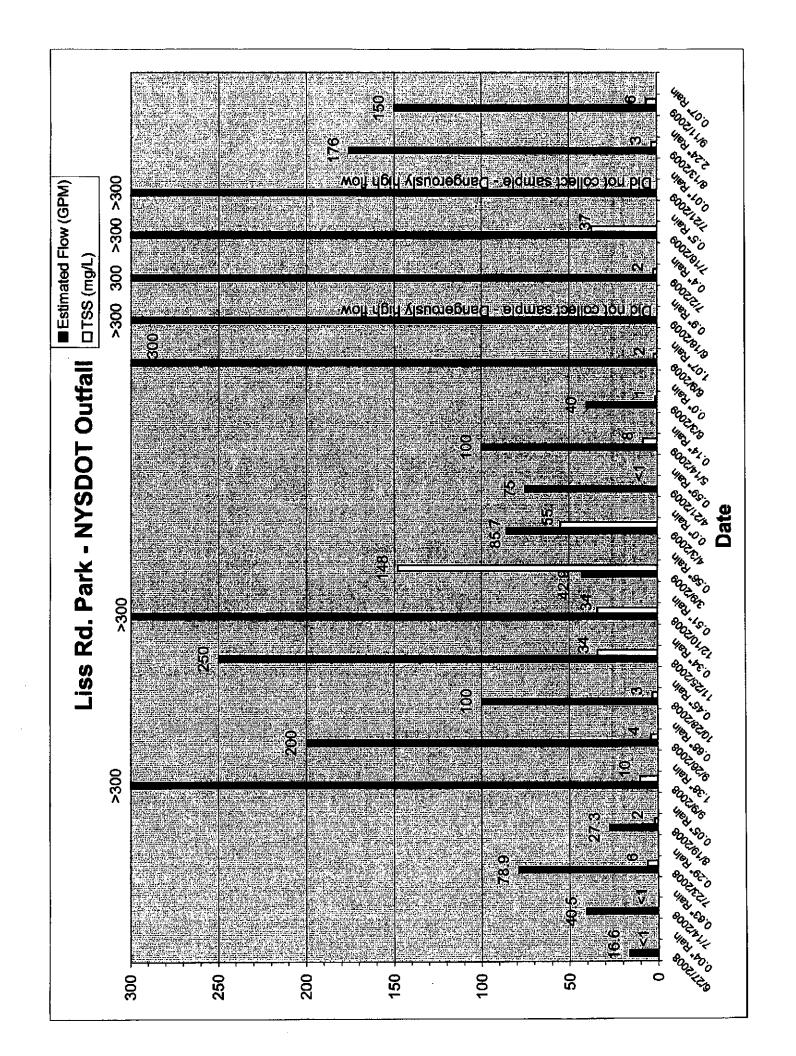
FIELD SAMPLING REPORT

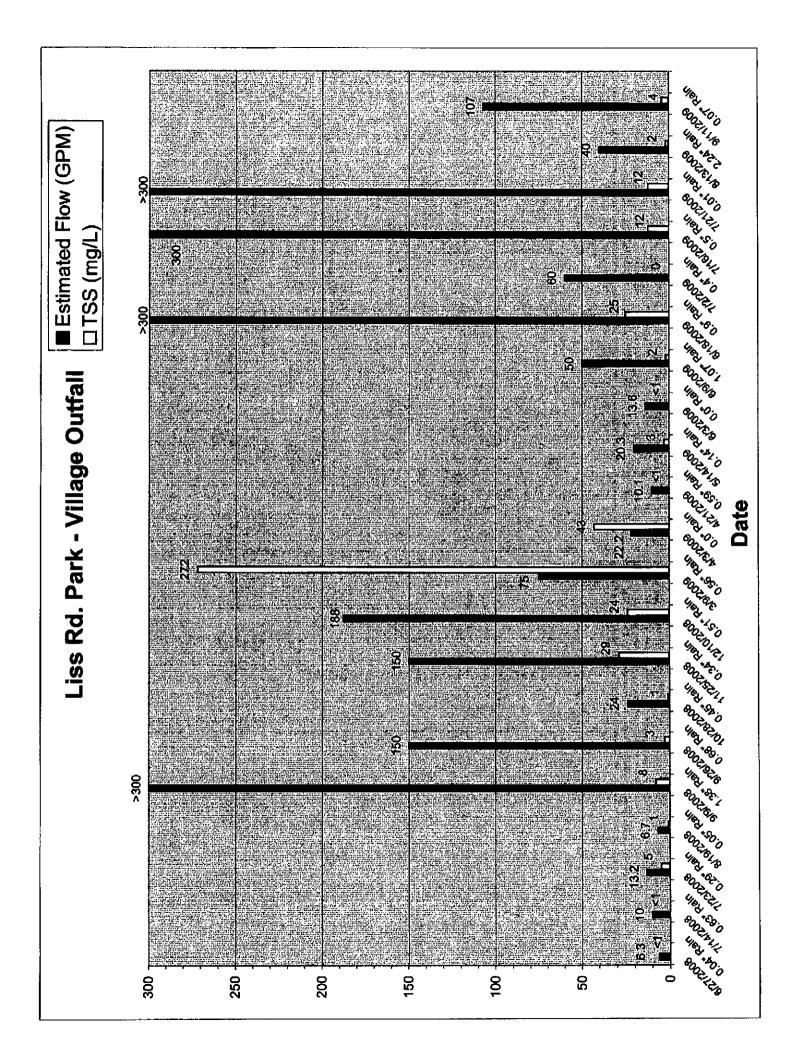
Village of Wappingers Falls Stormwater Discharge Study Grant

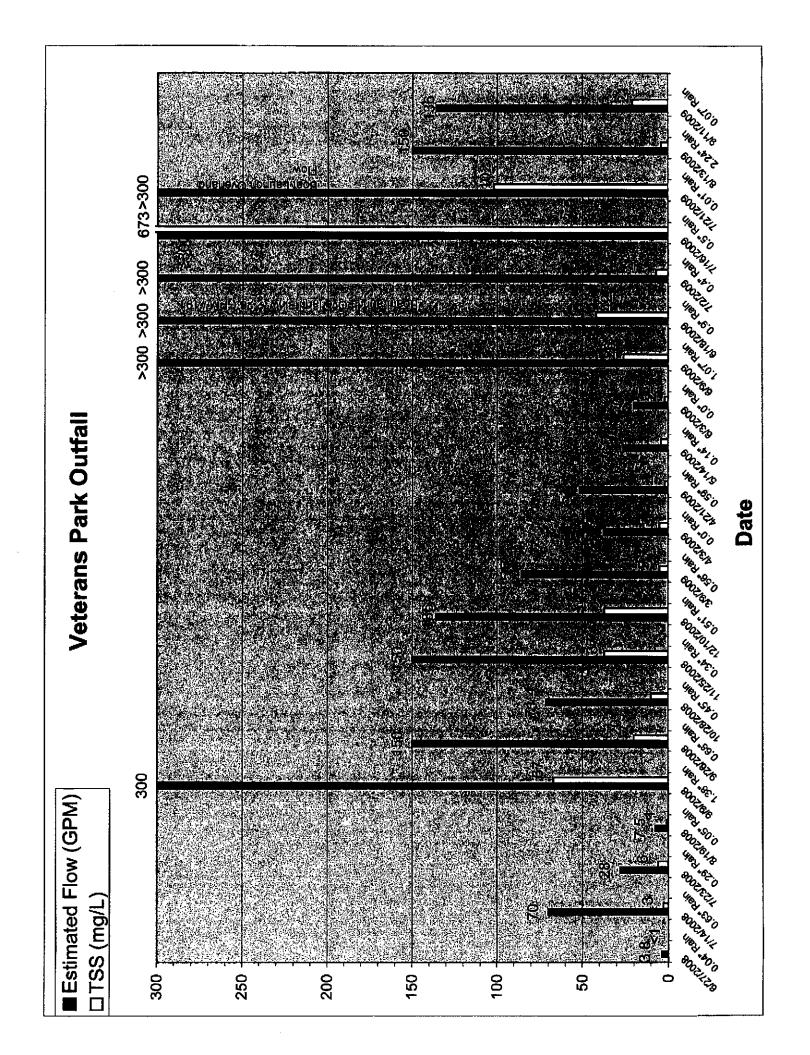
N.Y.S.D.E.C. Grant Contract C301994

ample ocation	Time	Estimated Flow Rate (Gal/Second)	Notes
WEST+ BROWN	1:50pm	COLDONO NOFLOW	RACNING
SCHOOL & BROWN	1:58pm	14/24.85EC	
MICL + PELHAMI	21,14pm	SUBMERGED	RAIN SLONED TO DRIZZLE
VELHAN'S PARK	2:23pm	5GAL /2.25EC	RAIN STOPPED
LISS PARK VILLAGE	2:35pm	5GAL / 2.85EC	RAINSTARTED FALLING MED HEAVELY AGAIN
LISS PARK NYSOOT	2:40 pm	5GAL/ 2SEC	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
dditional L	ocations:		
Beau.	1:50PM	14/40SEC	OVERLAND FLOW
END OF HSGH ST.	2:07 PM	1L/10SEC	OVERLAND FLOW
ALLL !	2:16 pm	11/455EC.	"WHIERFAL" OVER BULKI OVER! AND FLOW
YETS PARK	А	NOFLOW. NEW PAVEMENT ACUND DOCK TO LIMIT GROSJON.	BETWEEN DOCK +ELSE OF AN
dditional C	omments:		

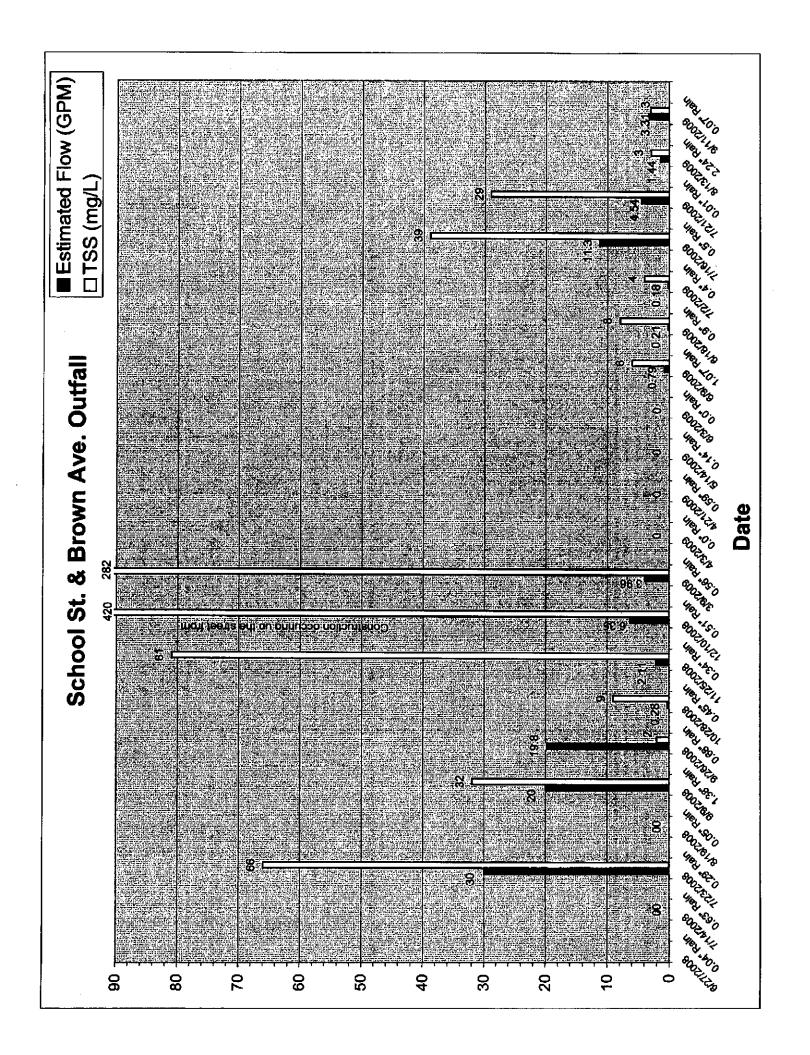
Appendix "B" Flow Rate vs. Total Suspended Solids Concentration Comparison Graphs

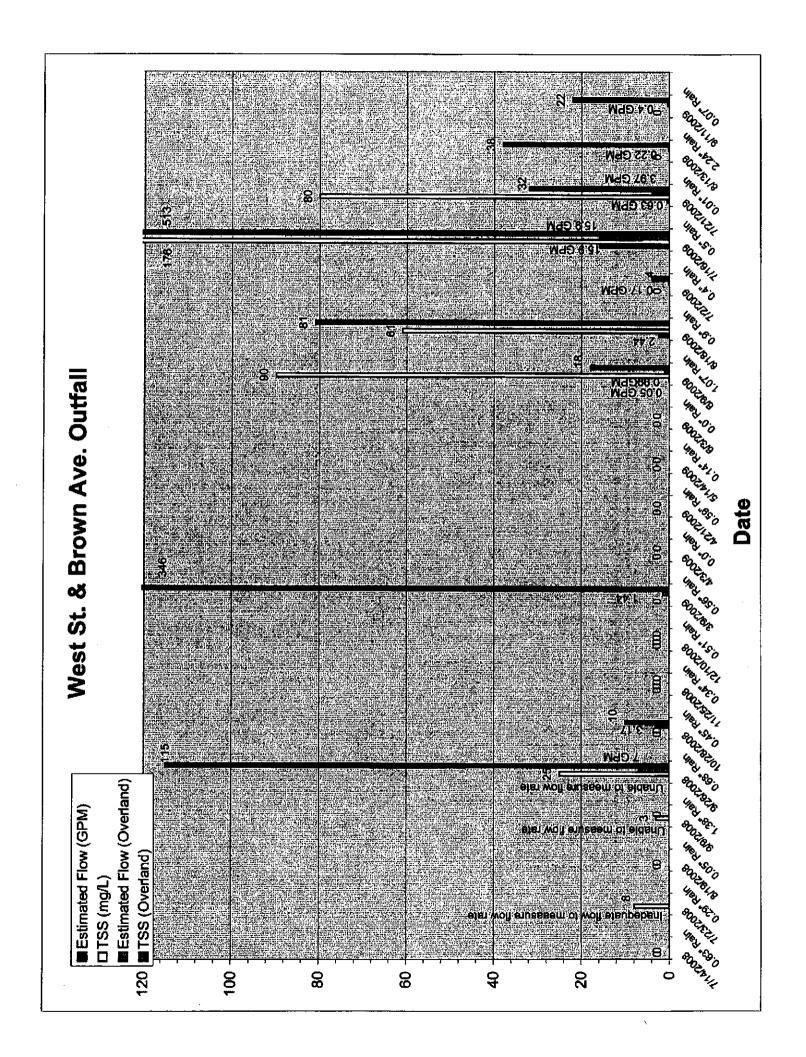


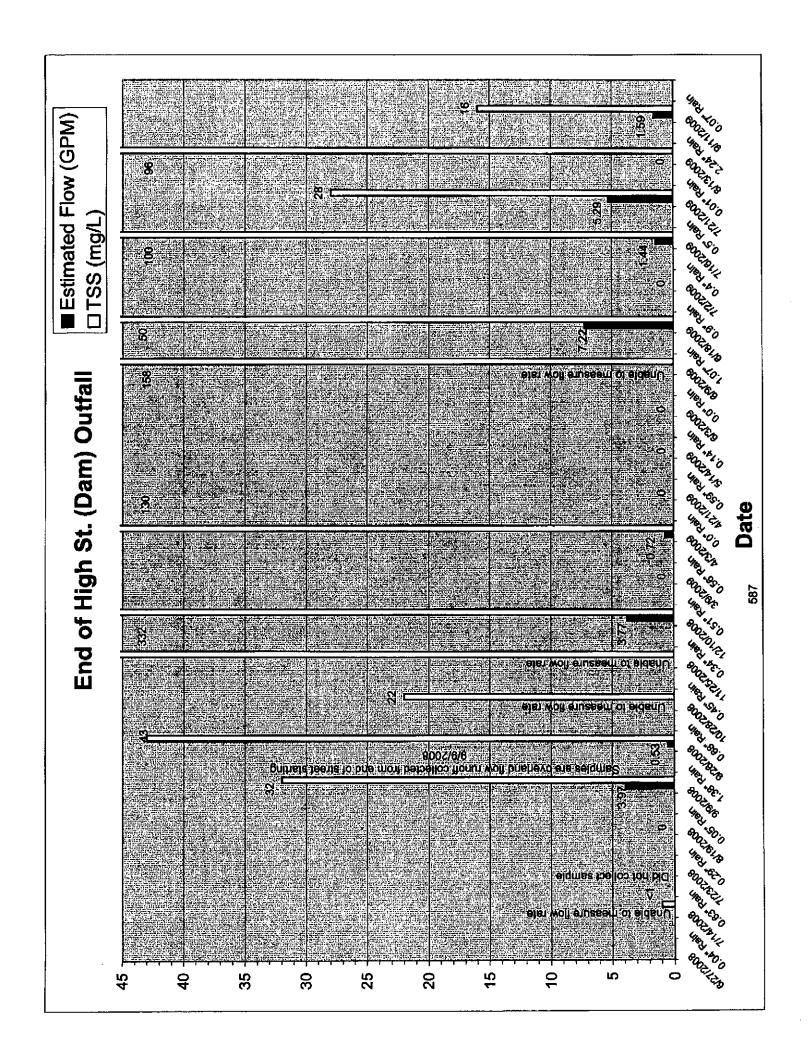




Estimated Flow (GPM)



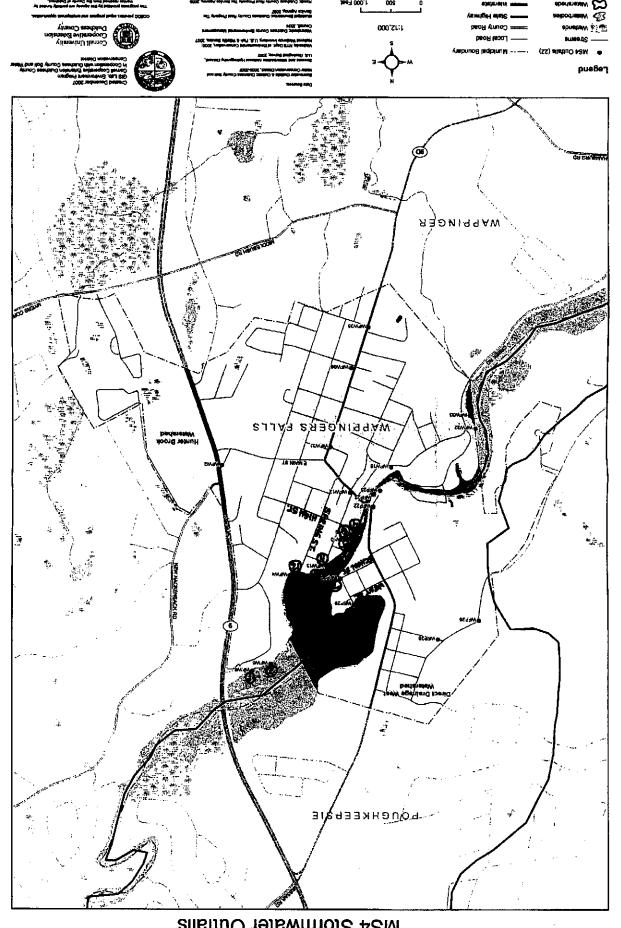




Appendix "C"

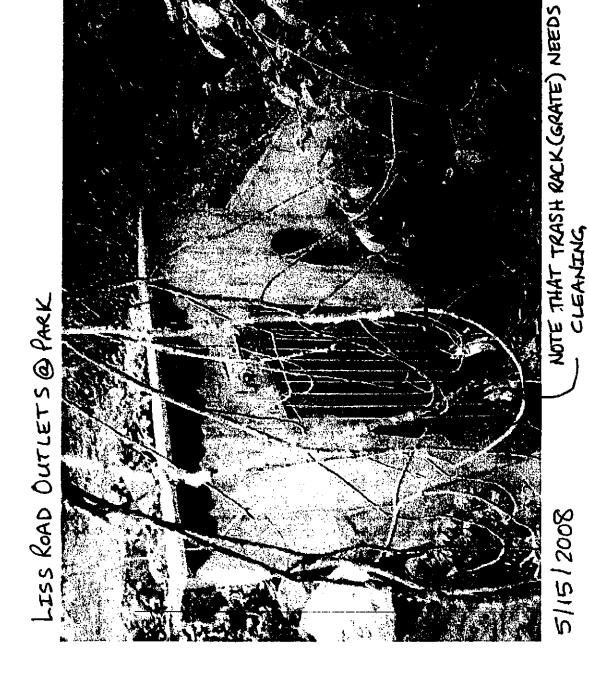
Maps of Village and Drainage Areas

Village of Wappingers Falls, New York MS4 Stormwater Outfalls



Appendix "D"

Photographs of Outfalls and Surrounding Areas





MM 15, 2008

MAY 15,2008

MAY 15, 2008

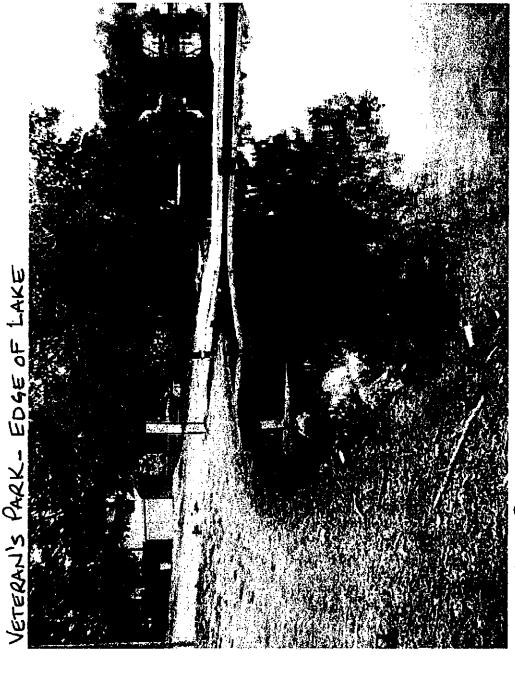


MAY 15,2008

MESC. BOTTLES,
TRASH AND DEBRES
TYPECAL ALONG
EDGE OF LAKE.



MAY 15, 2008



MAY 15,2008



MAM 15, 2008

MOSTLY WOODY, FLOATABLE " DEBRIS ON SANDBAR AT OUTFALL.

PELHAM AND MELL STREET DUTFALL

MAM 15, 2008

END OF PIPE IS SOMEWHAT CRUSHED.

SOUTH END OF BROWN AVE. @ LAKE



PIPE EXITS

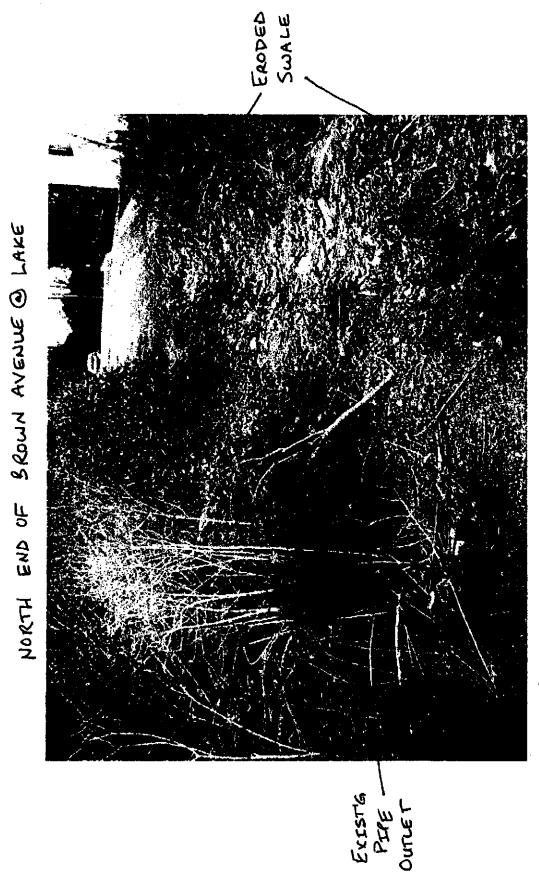
CB AND

APPEARS TO

RUN TOWARD

LAKE,

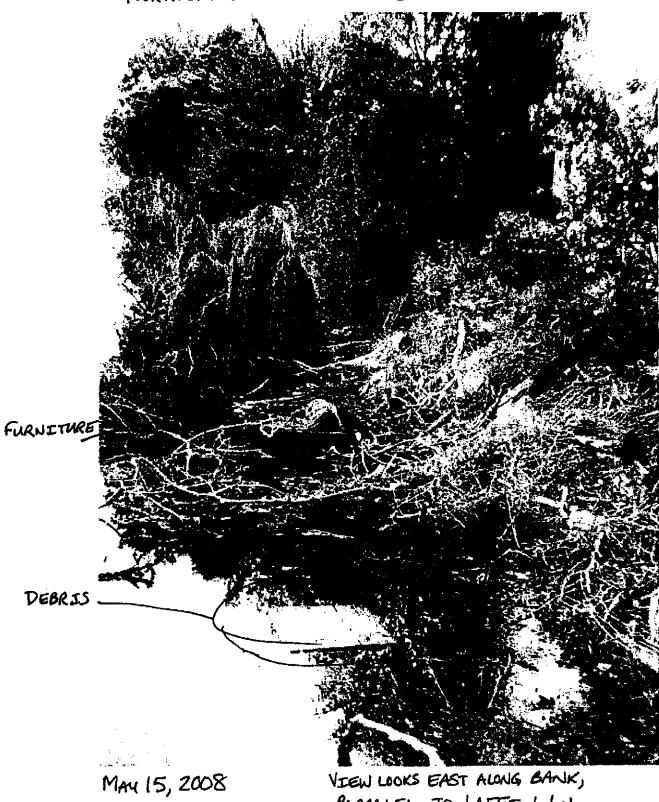
MAY 15, 2008



MM 15, 2008

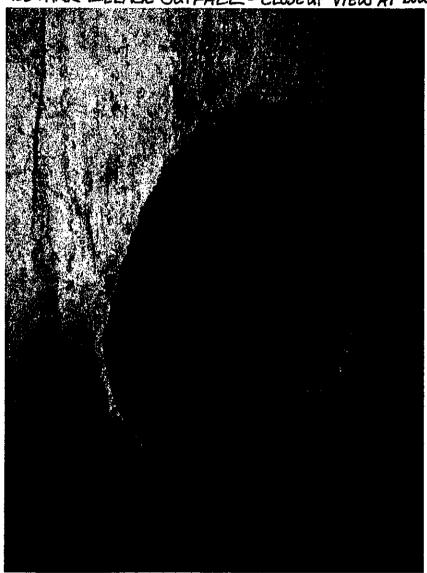


NORTH END OF BROWN AVENUE@ LAKE

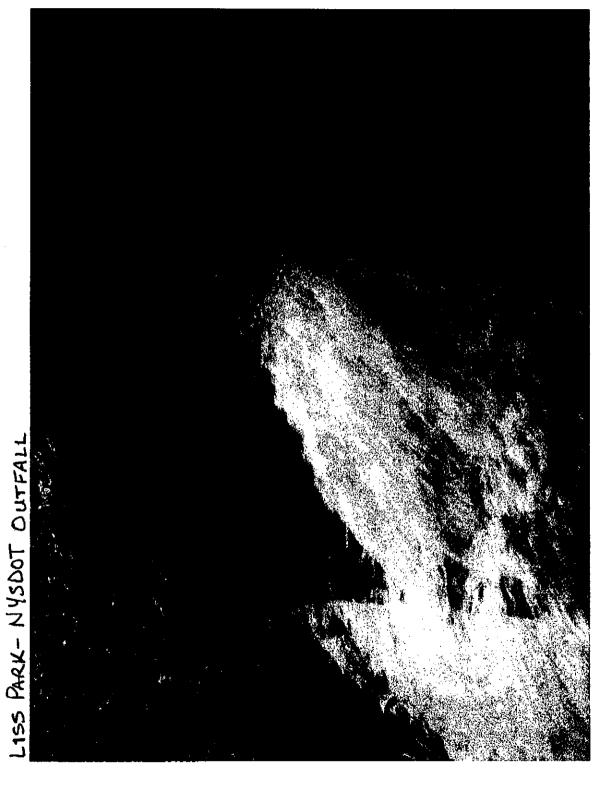


VIEW LOOKS EAST ALONG BANK, PARALLEL TO LAFFIN LN.

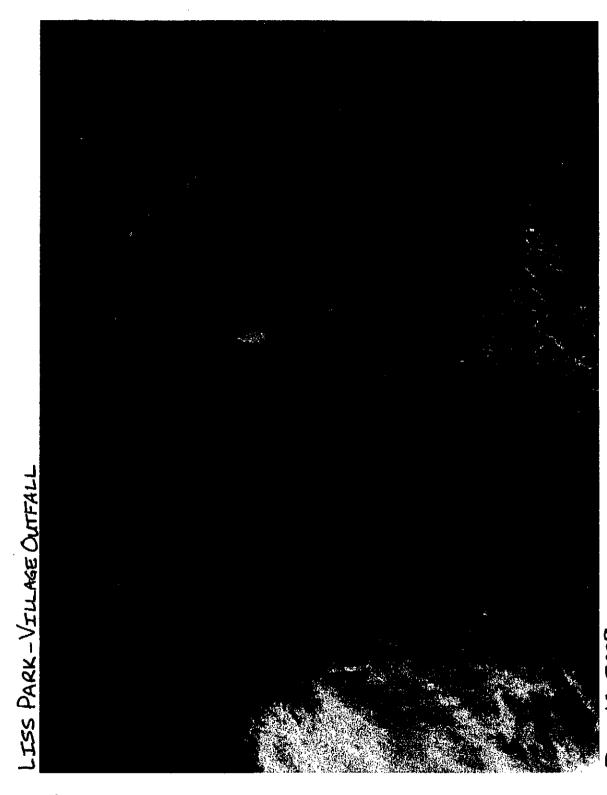
LISS PARK-VILLAGE OUTFALL - CLOSEUP VIEW AT LOW FLOW



JUNE 27, 2008



DEC. 10, 2008

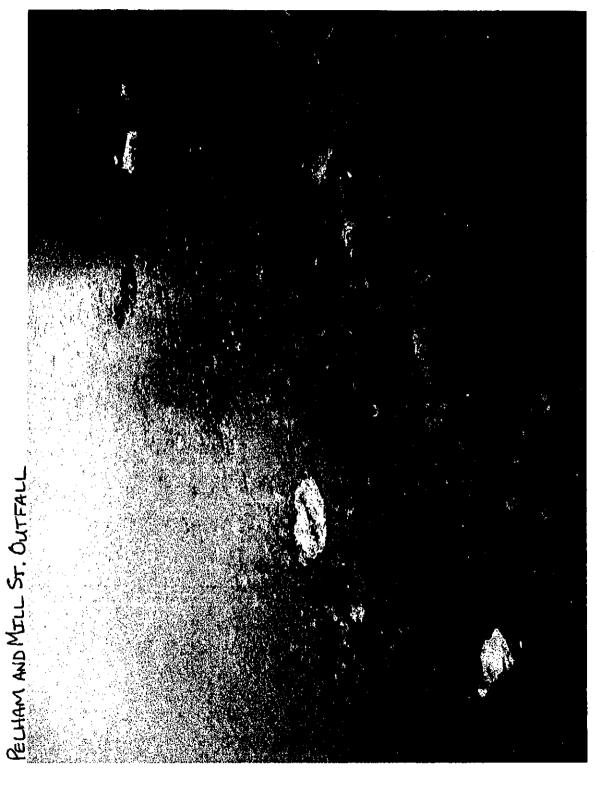


DEC. 10, 2008

CHANNEL FROM LISS PARK OUTFALLS

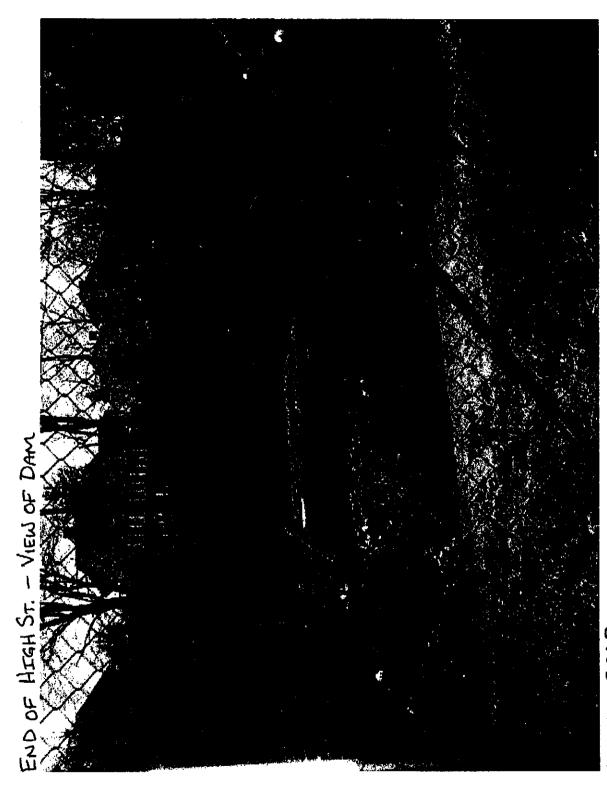


DEC. 10, 2008



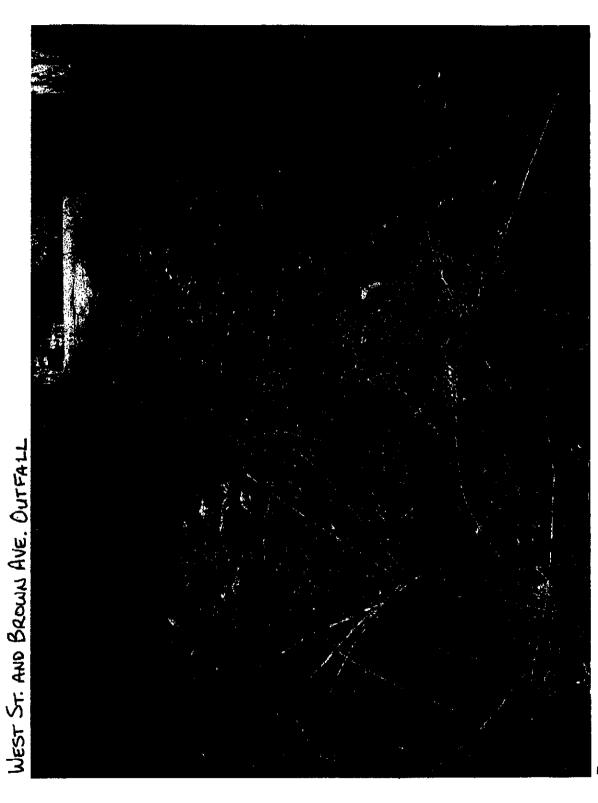
DEC. 10, 2008

DEC. 10, 2008



DEC 10, 2008

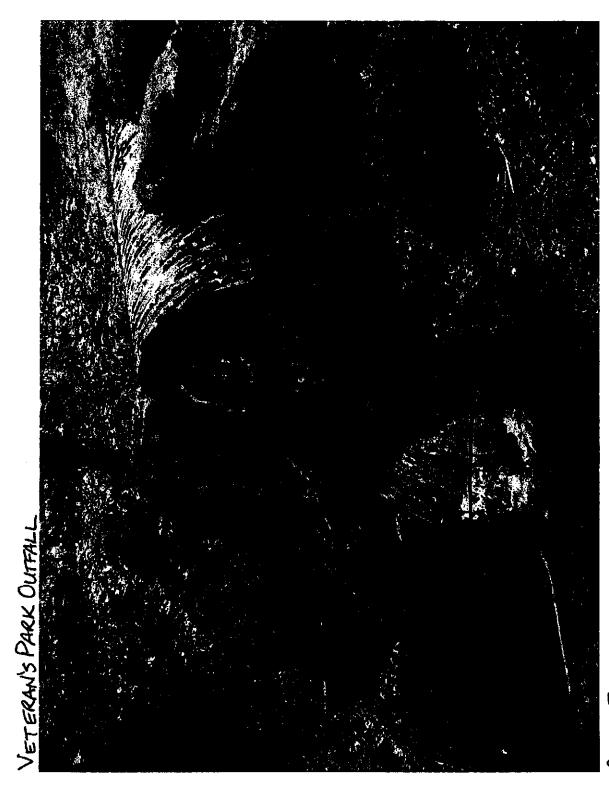
12/10/2008



DEC. 10, 2008



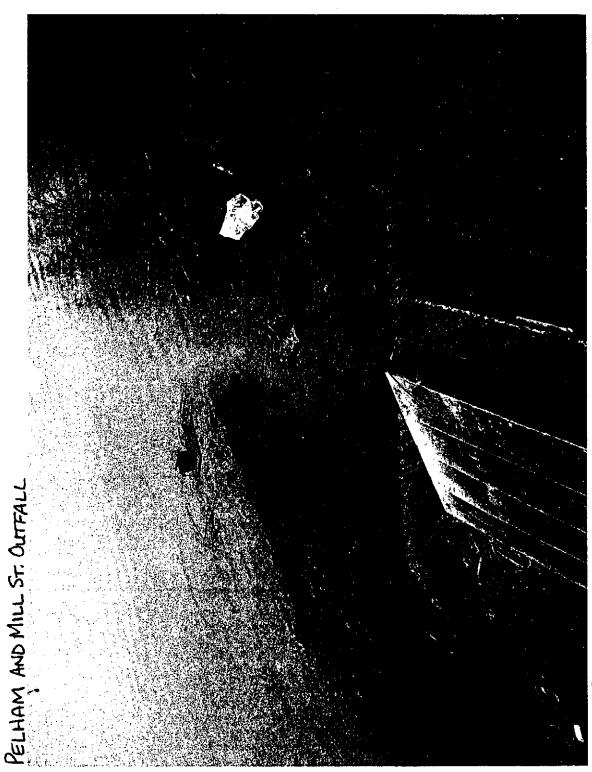
DEC. 10, 2008



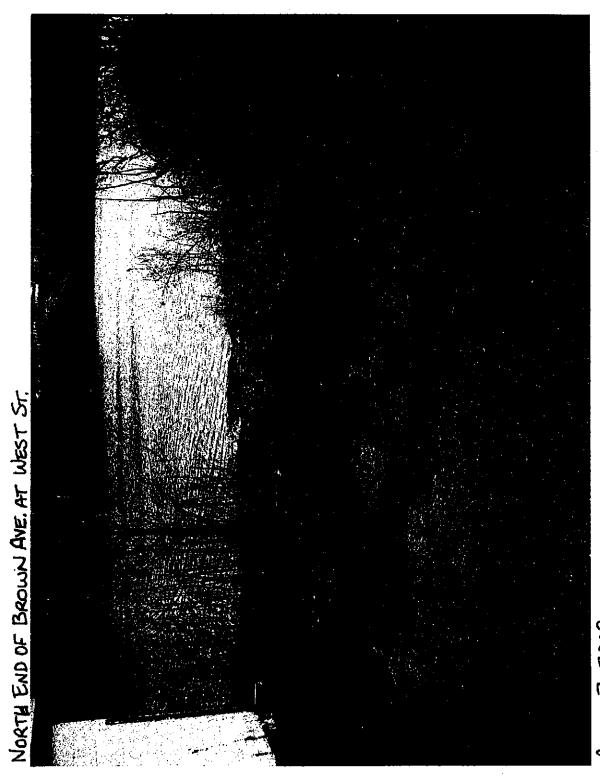
ARIL 3,2009



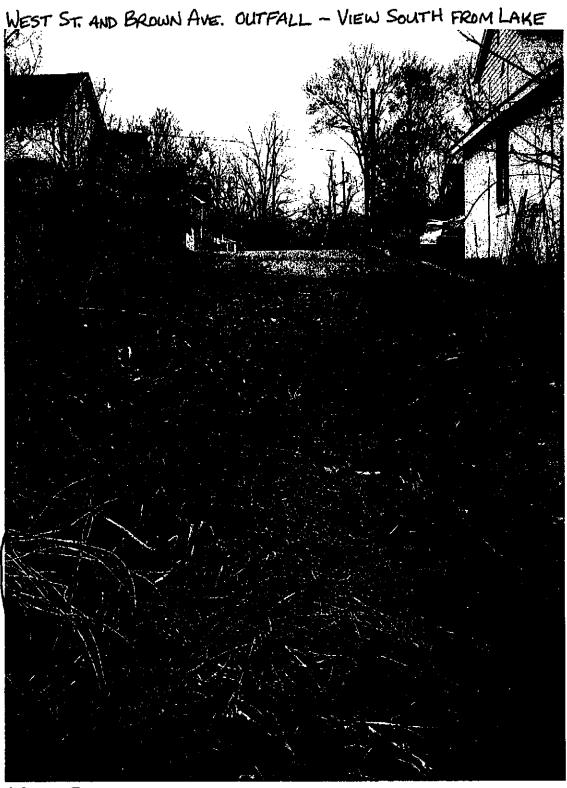
APRIL 3, 2009



APRIL 3, 2009



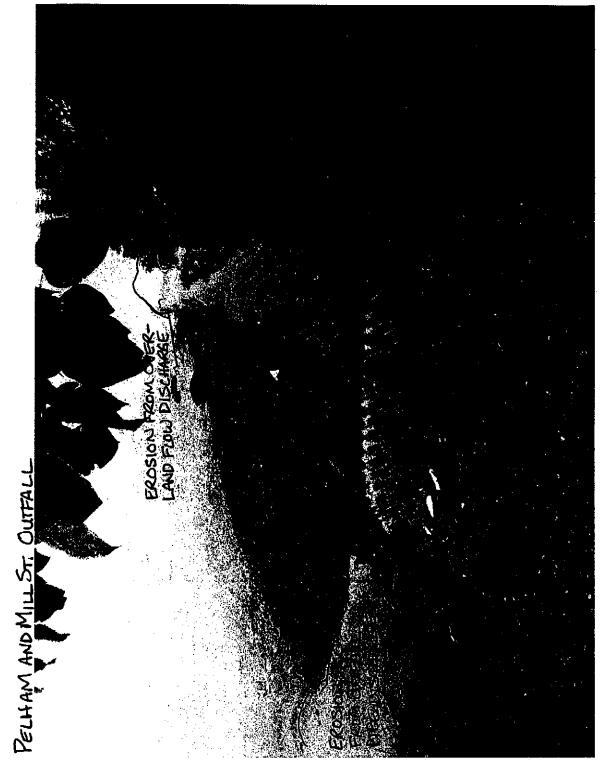
APRIL 3, 2009



APRIL 3, 2009

APRIL 3, 2009

PIPE 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT



JUNE 9, 2009



JUNE 9, 2009

JUNE 9, 2009

OUTFALL PIPE EVERGROWN WITH VESETATION.

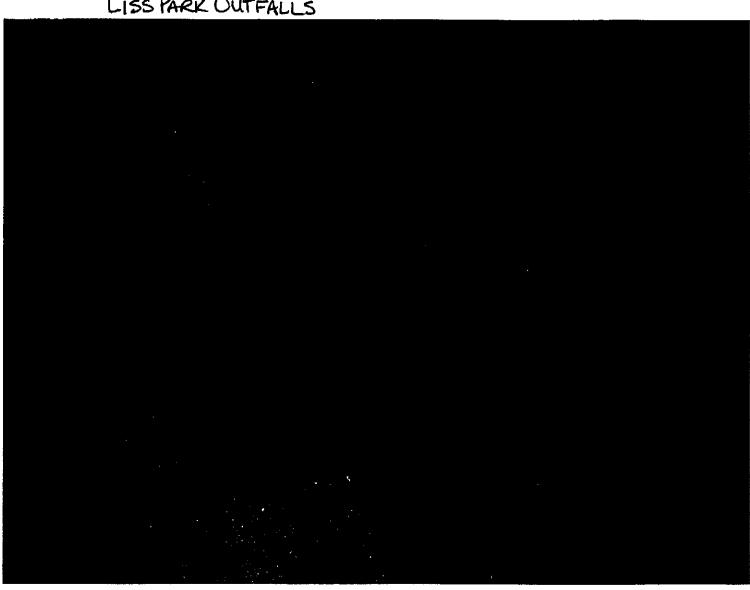
JUNE 9, 2009

JUNE 18, 2009

LISS PARK OUTFALLS

JUNE 18, 2009

LISS PARK OUTFALLS



JUNE 18, 2009

PELHAM AND MELL ST. OUTFALL NOTE: WATERPLL
DUE TO OVERLAND
FLOW.

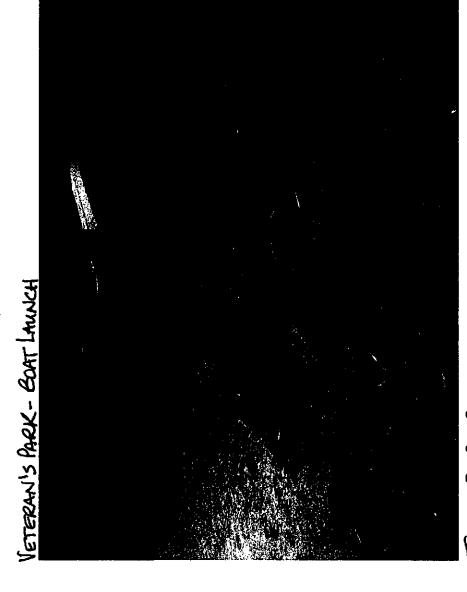
June 18, 2009

PELHAM AND MILL ST. OUTFALL

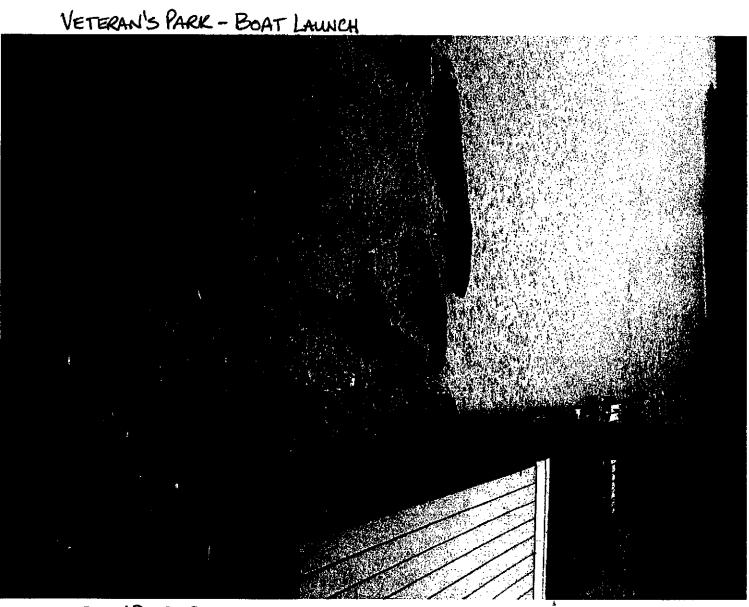


JUNE 18,2009

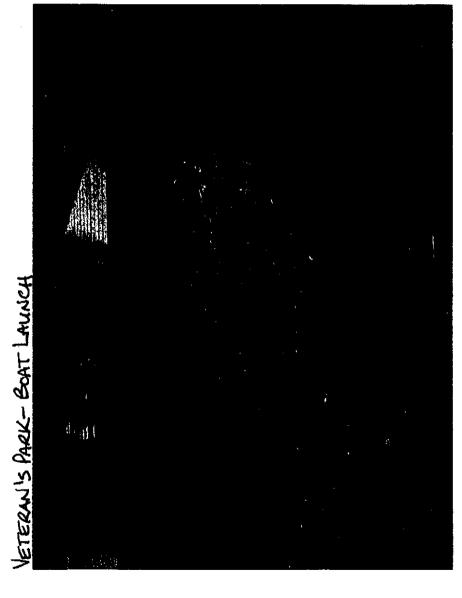
NOTE OVERLAND FLOW PATH



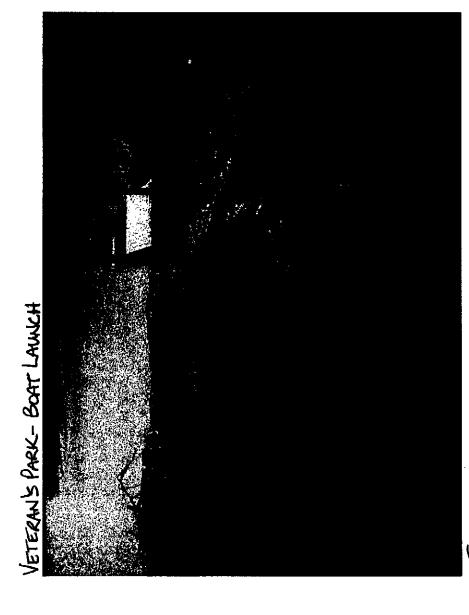
JUNE 18, 2009



JUNE 18, 2009

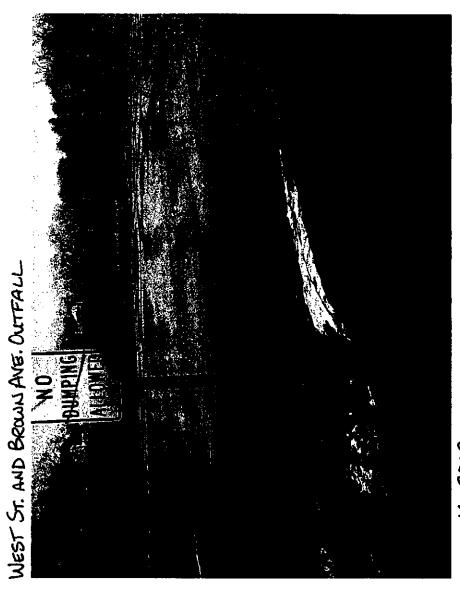


JUNE 18, 2009



JUNE 18, 2009

July 2, 2009



DEC. 16, 2009



Appendix "E"

Sediment Load Calculations and

Rainfall Data

Sediment Load Calculations:

Date	Precipitation Reported Inches	at D.C. Airport	Total Flow MGD	Total Load lb/day	37.6 pcf Saturated weight of soil	Volume Cubic Feet
6/27/2008		Incomplete data	0.04			C
7/14/2008	0.63	24hr amt	0.17	2.52		0.07
7/23/2008	0.29	24hr amt	0.22	32.55		0.87
8/19/2008	0.05	1-6hr report	0.06	0.83		0.02
9/9/2008	1.38	2-6hr reports	1.33	315.74		8.40
9/26/2008	0.68	24hr amt	0.77	62.38		1.66
10/28/2008	0.45	24hr amt	0.29	13.46		0.36
11/25/2008	0.34	24hr amt	0.81	240.58	,	6.40
12/10/2008	0.04	24hr amt	0.92	298.60	2008 Total 966.66	7.94
3/9/2009	0.56	24hr amt	0.30	346.04	2000 10121 300.00	9.20
4/3/2009	0	24hr amt	0.21	76.60		2.04
4/21/2009	0.59	24hr amt	0.20	1.24		0.03
5/14/2009	0.14	3-6hr reports	0.21	16.62		0.44
6/3/2009	0	Incomplete data	0.11	0.96		0.03
6/9/2009	1.07	24hr amt	0.94	104.22		2.77
6/18/2009	0.9	24hr amt	1.33	258.13	·	6.87
7/2/2009	0.4	4-6hr reports	0.95	32.94		0.88
7/16/2009	0.5	1-6hr report	1.36	2740.65		72.89
7/21/2009	0.01	24hr amt	1.32	416.41		11.07
8/13/2009	2.24	24hr amt	0.53	16.63		0.44
9/11/2009	0.07	24hr amt	0.58	50.97	2009 Total 4061.43	1.36
		Study Period Total	Load:	5028.09	Total Volume:	133.73

Total Flow is a composite sum of estimated flow rates from Village outfalls converted from Gallons Per Minute to Million Gallons per Day.

Load is calculated by multiplying Total Flow in MGD x TSS in $mg/L \times 8.34$ for each outfall and sample. Total Load as shown is the sum of the Load calculated for each outfall. Units are Pounds of mass (solids) per Day.

Volume is calculated by dividing the total load by the saturated weight of the solids - 37.6 pcf.

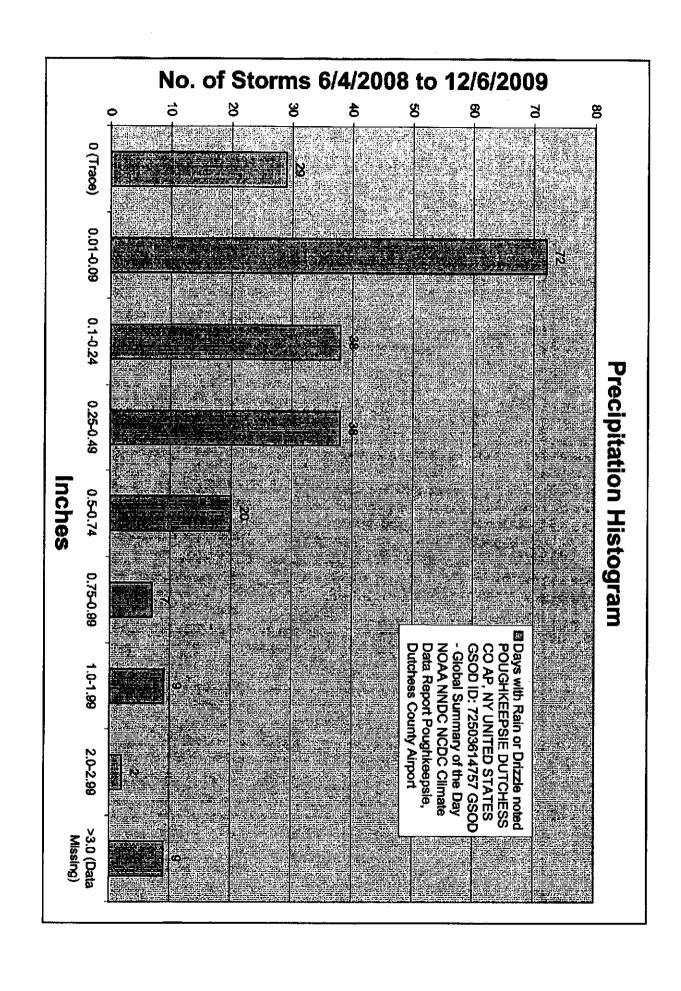
0.0000042 2.00000042 2.0000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.00000042 2.000000042 2.	Colored Colo
13.2 GPM 6 0.04908 0.778024 8.7 GPM 1 0.000640 0.000442 20.00094 19 GPM 12 0.000261 1.286544	13. GPM 5.0000000 1.3. GPM 5.0000000 1.3. GPM 1.0000000 1.3. GPM 1.3.
2.522016 128 **Charmeng 1.0002055 1.000205 1.0002055 1.0002055 1.0002055 1.0002055 1.0002055 1.000205	Colored Colo
1.00 1.00	126 **Submenger 11 0.000245 0.2381548 0.000245 0.2381548 12 0.000245 0.2381548 2.55 **Inhebeam 0.000245 0.2381548 12 0.000245 0.2381548 2.55 **Inhebeam 0.000245 0.2381548 2.5 **Inhebeam 0.000247 0.2381548 0.0000241 0.2381548 0.00002
O 20 GPN C	0.17 **Markaguar 0 0.000024 0.015033
O 0.17 ***Indexpue; 8 0.000234 0.015133 O 0 0 0 0.05 ***Invelop by 3 0.000772 0.007170 0.24************************************	0.17 **Producture 0.0000245 C.001533
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Colored Colo
2.52 M.GO LENDAN (27107009 T.SS M.GO LENDAN 3970209 T.SS M.GO LENDAN 47217009 T.SS M.GO LENDAN 47217009 T.SS M.GO LENDAN 2710702 M.GO LENDAN 2710709 T.SS M.GO LENDAN 27107	CFOCKOOR TSS MIGD LACUM SPEZIOR TSS MIGD LACUM TSS MIGD TSS TSS MIGD TSS TSS MIGD TSS TSS MIGD TSS MIGD TSS
LPG2ay [27107009 TSS MIGD LPG2ay 3972009 TSS MIGD LPG2ay MIGD MIGD LPG2ay MIGD	125 MiGD LMClay 398,2008 T38 MiGD LMClay
LEACHY CATOLOGY TSS MIGD LEACHY SPRZ000 TSS MIGD LEACHY LEACHY TSS MIGD LEACHY LEAC	12/10/2006 TSS MIGD LIACURY SPR2008 TSS MIGD LIACURY MIGD MIGD LIACURY MIGD
10,000 GPN 330 GPN 33 0,022 28,979 42,9 GPN 144 QURITIN 78,28135 82,7 GPN 54 00 0172408 64,69772 54,1732 75,6974 14,000 GURITIN 78,28135 82,2 GPN 54 00 0172 64,1732 75,6974 14,000 GURITIN 57,0 GPN 57 0,000 64 1,1732 75,6974 14,000 GURITIN 57,0 GPN 57 0,000 64 1,1732 75,6974 14,000 GURITIN 57,0 GPN 57 0,000 64 1,1732 69 1,173408 54,19540 14,000 64 1,173408 54,19540 14,000 64 1,173408 54,19540 14,000 64 1,173408 14,000 64 1,17340	300 OPPM 34 0.7072 122.479 4.29 OPPM 14.0 LOR1778 78.26158 85.7 OPPM 45 0.0051806 11.444536 17.0 75.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.15122 17.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.15122 17.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.15122 17.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.15122 18.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.15122 18.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.1512 18.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.1512 18.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0.005172 64.1512 18.0 OPPM 18 0.0051804 0
SCA2A178 188 GPM 24 GPM 27 GPM 27 GPM 27 GPM 27 GPM 41 GPM 42 GPM 43 GPM 43 GPM 43 GPM 42 GPM 43 GPM 22 GPM 43 GPM 43 GPM 44 GPM 22 GPM 42 GPM 43 GPM 44 GPM 43 GPM 44 GPM 45 G	186 OFWI 37 0.1964 Actors 64.1572 75 GPM 272 0.1964 43 0.000044 2.00004 2.4570 0.00044 2.22 GPM 41 0.00044 2.2554 0.00044 2.25
## 5.005-05 1.00 GPM 37 0.10564 #. 0.0.023 0.0.0	136 GPM 37 0.1864 00.4231 667 GPN 5 0.125408 1.246114 37.5 GPN 6 1.0004 2.2554 6 1.7 GPN 2 0.0074446 1.246 6 1
4.2 GFW 57 0.000044 2.870006 2.46 "muchaque 6 0.000048 6.5 February 14 0.000048 6.5 February 14 0.000044 2.870006 2.46 "muchaque 14 0.000044 2.870006 2.46 "muchaque 14 0.000044 2.8000000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.000044 2.8000000 14 0.000044 2.8000000 14 0.000044 2.8000000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.000044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.800000 14 0.00044 2.8000000 14 0.00044 2.8000000 14 0.00044 2.	4.2 GPM 5T 0000044 1270096 2.46 "mackgraft 6 0,000018 0.2544004 1.25 GPM 5T 0000044 1270096 2.46 "mackgraft 6 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,000044 1270096 7 0,00044 127009
1 0.35 GPW 470 0.0089144 32.0396 3.396 GPM 242 0.0089702 13.41138 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 8.36 GPW 420 0.0009144 32.02096 3.396 GPW 242 0.000502 13.41136 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
3.77 GPM 687 0.005429 26.57712 0 0 0.72 GPM 130 0.007637 1.124090 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3.77 GFM 68/7 0.005429 26.87712 0 0 0 0 0.072 GPM 130 0.000430 0 0.72 GPM 130 0.000430 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
13.0317 3.77 GPM 687 0.005429 28.5772 0 0 0 0 0 0.72 GPM 130 0.0016037 1.124099 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 0 2 2 240.59 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3.77 GPM 687 0.000429 28.57712 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0.239 0.52 238.800 0.44 GPM 348 0.002074 5.003863 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.20 0.20	0 0 144 GPM 348 0.000074 5.808885 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0.29 0.82 288.60 0.30 346.304 Reported on dear 0 0.21 78.60 0.59 0.20	(0.29) 0.52 286,80 (0.29) 0.30 346.04 (1900 10.04 (1900 10.21 78.50 (10.59) 0.20

	574/2000	2	9	Š	8K4Z009	88	9	Ô	6/8/2006	188	0	TSS AIGD LINDay AMAZONS	HAZODA	Ž,	CE	TAGEN 70	C
Liss Rd - MYSDOT	100 GPM	-	3	9.60788	#0 GPM		67600	7.00	300 GPM		0.00	7.205.7	NdS+ 0G		le.		4
2 Lites Rid - Villege	20.3 GPM	n	0.029232	0.731385	13.6 GPM	0	0.019584	ò	35 SP	7	000	12000	100	K		2200	
3 Veterans Park	28. GP.	•	1,000,000	1253802	74 80 82	~	0.0288	0.460384	MG-000	8	0.472	93.87488	M-O-OC	4	ğ	151321	
A Personal Property	2.66 Tredegree	*	0.003816	302042			٥	÷	1.98 "Inactequal	\$	0.002851	0.451801	42 Subment	٤		70007	
School St & Brown			0	0			0	•	ME (2)	•	0.001138	0.056926	0.21 GPM	6 0		020176	
6 West St. & Brown		_	-	0			0	-	0.05 GPM	8	0.000072	0.054043	2.44 GPM	Ę		90528	
9 End of High St (Dem)			-	0			•	-	0.72 "Inadequel	2 2	0.0010037	1.386212	7.22 GPM	8		335466	
10 West & Brown Overland			9	•			0	٥	0.88 GPM	=	0.001426	0.214011	7 "Inaciequal	81	0.01006	LB0844 3	
Precipitation-D.C.Akport 9:	20,000	9	0.21	2		6	-	0.06		1.07	¥6.0	10122		60	133	256.13	ı
		Reported	Reported on defle:	•				•				•					
•	2012000	ř	9	the last the last	Company of the Compan		5	-		į	-	•					

138 M:00 LbDoy 15 0.42 13.306 17 0.43 42.346 17 0.43 42.346 13 0.000281 D:176.70 10 0.000201 D:175.20 13 0.000204 T:752.80 14 0.000204 T:752.80 15 0.000204 T:752.80 16 0.000204

MCG-03-1/7 MCG-03-1/0 MCG-03

	7/21/2009	38	8	ġ	B/13/2008	2	2	9	0/11/2000	2	9	À	
1 Like Rd - NYSDOT	300 +CPM	0	0.430	ō	176 GPA	[0.25344	6.341000	85	8	0.216	10.80884	
2 Lise Rd - Village	300 +CPM	ĕ	2	43 23456	Md5 07	~	0.0678	0.960788	107 GPM	7	0.15408	5,540108	
3 Volumes Parfs	MG9+ 006	\$	0.43	367,4836	150 GPM	•	977	7,20578		21	0.19594	1 29912	
4 Perham in health	2.65 GPM	*	0.003818	0.190953	1.96 "Inadequel	₽	0.002861	0.308427	2.86 "Submera	•	0.003816	0.190863	
7 School St & Brown	4.54 GPM	8	0.000638	1.581184	1,44 GPM	n	0.002074	0.061881		6	0.004786	0.11825.5	
8 West St. & Brown	DARS GPN	\$	0.000007	0.605284			٥	*			0	0	
9 End of High St (Dam)	5.20 GPM	8	0.007618	1,778982	1.44 Treatment	8	0.002074	1,860207	1.58 GPM	16	0.00229	0.305524	
10 West & Brown Overland	3.97 GPM	Ø	0.006717	1,6257	0.22 GPM	8	0.000317	0.1004	0.40 GPTR	ß	0.000678	0.105864	
Predplation-D.C.Airport	T-Chas	3	33	416.41		2.24	29'0	16.63		0.07	0.58	50.97	



Days with Rain or Drizzle noted

POUGHKEEPSE DUTCHESS CO AP, NY

UNITED STATES
GSOD ID: 72503614757

GSOD - Global Summary of the Day

6/4/2008 to 12/11/2008

NOAA NNDC NCDC Climate Data Report Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County Airport

Global Summary of the Day (GSOD)

YEARMODA	PRCP	Fog	Rain/Drizzl	Snow/ice	Hail	Thunder	Tornado/Fi
6/4/2008	0.24 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/6/2008	0.34 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/8/2008	0.02 A	o	1	0	0	0	0
6/11/2008	0.19 B	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/14/2008	99.9 9	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/16/2008	0 H	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/18/2008	0 H	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/22/2008	99.9 9	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/23/2008	99.9 9	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/26/2008	99.9 9	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/27/2008	0 H	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/28/2008	0.08 B	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/29/2008	0.03 B	0	1	0	0	0	. 0
6/30/2008	0.41 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
7/1/2008	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
7/2/2008	0 G	1	1	0	0	0	0
7/3/2008	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
7/4/2008	0.34 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/5/2008	0.39 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/9/2008	0.03 B	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/14/2008	0.63 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/21/2008	0.02 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/22/2008	0 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/23/2008	0.29 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
7/24/2008	1.52 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
7/27/2008	0.17 C	0	1	0	0	1	0
8/2/2008	0.99 B	1	1	0	0	1	0
8/6/2008	0.37 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/7/2008	0 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
8/8/2008	0.12 G	1	1	0	0	1	0
8/10/2008	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
8/11/2008	0.05 G	1	1	0	0	1	0
8/12/2008	1.39 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/14/2008	0.37 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
8/15/2008	0 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/16/2008	0.02 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
8/19/2008	0.05 A	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/25/2008	0.02 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/30/2008	0.26 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/6/2008	0.32 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/7/2008	1.88 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/9/2008	1.38 B	0	1	0	0	1	0

9/10/2008	99.9 9	1 1	1	0	0	0	0		
9/12/2008		Ö	1	Ö	0	0	0		
9/13/2008	_	1 4	1	Ŏ	0	0			
9/14/2008		ا ، ن	1	Ö	0	- O	0		
9/22/2008		l ŏ	1	Ö	0	1	0		
9/26/2008		0	1	0	0		0		
9/28/2008		l ő	. 1	0	0	0	0		
10/1/2008		0	,	0		0	0		
10/3/2008		0	1		0	0	0		
10/5/2008		0	1	. 0	0	0	0		
10/9/2008	1	0	1	0	0	0	0		
10/16/2008		0	1	0	0	0	0		
10/12/2008		0	1		0	0	0		
10/25/2008		Ö	1	0 0	0	0	0		
10/26/2008		0	4	0	0	0	0		
10/28/2008	1	0	1	0	0	0	0		
11/5/2008		l ő	1		0	0	0		
11/6/2008		6	1	0 0	0	0	0		
11/8/2008		l ő	1	0	0	0	0		
11/9/2008	1	Ö	4	0	0	0	0		
11/13/2008		0	1	0	0	0 0	0		
11/14/2008		0	1.	0	0		_		
11/15/2008	0.25 G	٥	1.	0	0	0	0		
11/16/2008	0.45 G	ŏ	1	0	0	0	0		
11/24/2008	0.400	ŏ	1	0	0	Ö	0		
11/25/2008	0.34 G	l ő	1	0	0	0	0		
11/30/2008	0.39 B	1	1	1	0	0	0		
12/1/2008		1	4	ó	0	0	0		
12/4/2008	0.04 B	Ó	4	0	0	0	0		
12/10/2008	0.04 G	Ö	4	0	0	Ö	0		
12/11/2008	0.55 G	1	1	0	0	ŏ	0		
12/12/2008	2.66 G	i	1	0	Ö	0	0		
			12/15	/2008 to 6/22			—ň		
YEARMODA	PRCP	F R	S	H	T	Ŧ			
12/15/2008	0. 04 B	0	1	0	0	0			
12/16/2008	0.12 G	0	1	1	Ō	Ö	Ō		
12/17/2008	0.19 G	1	1	1	Ō	Õ	Ō		
12/20/2008	0.06 B	1	1	1	0	0	Ō		
12/21/2008	0.18 D	1	1	1	0	Ō	Ō		
12/24/2008	0.2 G	1	1	1	Ō	Ō	Ō		
12/25/2008	0.71 G	0	1	0	0	0	0		
12/27/2008	0.04 G	0	1	0	0	0	0		
1/5/2009	0.03 G	1	1	0	0	0	0		
1/7/2009	0.28 G	1	1	1	0	0	0		
1/8/2009	0.41 G	1	1	1	0	0	0		
1/11/2009	0.34 G	1	1	1	0	0	0		
1/28/2009		1	1	1	0	0	0		
1/29/2009	0.01 A	0	1	0	0	0	0		
2/12/2009	0.14 G	1	1	0	0	0	0		
2/18/2009	0.04 A	1	1	1	0	0	0		
2/19/2009	0.23 G	1	1	1	O	0	0		
2/22/2009	0.14 B	1	1	1	0	0	0		
								,	

2/27/2009	0.12 A	0	1	0	0	0	0	
2/28/2009	0.1 A	0	1	0	0	0	0	
3/8/2009	0.06 A	0	1	0	0	Ō	Ŏ	
3/9/2009	0.56 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
3/10/2009	0.19 G	0	1	0	0	0	<u>0</u>	
3/11/2009	0.19 G	0	1	0	0	0	Ó	
3/19/2009	0.17 A	0	1	0	0	0	0	
3/26/2009	0.01 B	0	1	0	0	0	Ō	
3/27/2009	99,9 9	1	1	0	0	0	Ō	
3/29/2009	0.1 G	0	1	Ö	0	Ö	Õ	
3/30/2009	0.56 G	1	1	0	0	1	Ō	
4/1/2009	0 G	0	1	0	0	0	Ô	
4/2/2009	0.28 G	1	1	0	0	Ō	Ō	
4/3/2009	0 G	0	1	0	0	1	ō	
4/4/2009	0.33 G	. 0	1	0	0	0		
4/6/2009	0.33 B	0	1	0	0	0	Ö	
4/7/2009	0.02 A	0	1	0	Ō	Ō	Ö	
4/8/2009	0 H	0	1	Ō	Ō	ō	Ö	
4/10/2009	он	0	1	0	Ō	Ö	Ŏ	
4/11/2009	0.13 G	0	1	Ō	Ō	Ŏ	Ö	
4/15/2009	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	Ō	Ŏ	
4/20/2009	0.06 A	0	1	0	Ō	Ō	Ö	
4/21/2009	0.59 G	0	1	0	0	0	ō	
4/22/2009	0.17 G	1	1	0	0	0	- -	
5/1/2009	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	Ō	0	
5/2/2009	0.23 G	0	1	0	0	0	Ö	
5/3/2009	0 G	0	1	0	0	0	Ö	
5/4/2009	0.1 G	1	1	0	0	0	Ō	
5/5/2009	0.05 G	0	1	0	0	0	, Ō	
5/6/2009	0.39 G	0	1	0	0	0	Ō	
5/7/2009	1.18 G	0	1	0	0	0	Õ	
5/8/2009	0 G	0	1	0	Ō	Ö	ō	
5/9/2009	0.19 G	0	1	0	0	0	ō	
5/14/2009	0.14 C	0	1	0	0	0	Ō	
5/15/2009	0.63 G	0	1	0	0	0		
5/16/2009	0 G	Ō	1	Õ	ŏ	ō	Ŏ	
5/17/2009	1.1 G	Ö	1	Ŏ	ō	1	Õ	
5/23/2009	0.01 G	0	1	Ö	Ŏ	ò	Ö	
5/24/2009	0 G	0	1	Ö	Ō	1	Ö	
5/26/2009	0 H	0	1	0	Ō	Ó	ō	
5/27/2009	0.18 G	0	1	0	0	Ō	Ō	
5/29/2009	0.15 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
5/30/2009	0.02 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
6/2/2009	0 Н	0	1	0	0	0	0	
6/3/2009	0 H	0	1	0	0	0	0	
6/4/2009	0.06 G	0	1	0	0	0		
6/5/2009	0 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
6/6/2009	0.1 G	1	1	0	0	0	0	
6/7/2009	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
6/9/2009	1.07 G	0	1	0	0	1	0	
6/10/2009	0.22 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
6/11/2009	0.12 G	0	1	0	0	0	0	
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6/12/2009		0	1	0	0	1	0
6/14/2009	0.97 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/15/2009	0.47 G	0	1	0	0	1	0
6/18/2009	0.9 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/20/2009	0 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/21/2009	0.87 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
6/22/2009	0.43 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
YEARMODA	PRCP	F R	6/23/ S	/2009 to 11/12/2 H	009 T	т	
6/24/2009	0.41 C	0	1	0	0	0	7
6/26/2009	0.01 B	Ō	1	ō	Ō	1	Ö
6/30/2009	0.31 A	0	1	Ö	Ŏ	ì	ō
7/1/2009	0.44 D	1	1	Õ	Ō	Ò	Ö
7/2/2009	0.4 D	0	1	0	0	0	<u></u>
7/16/2009	0.5 A	0	1	0	0	1	<u></u>
7/17/2009	0.14 B	1	1	0	0	ō	
7/18/2009	99.9 9	l o	1	Ō	0	Ö	Ö
7/21/2009	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	Ö	0
7/22/2009	0.94 G	0	1	0	0	0	
7/24/2009	0.1 G	0	1	0	0	Ō	ō
7/26/2009	0.93 G	0	1	0	0	0	Ŏ
7/27/2009	0.08 G	0	1	0	0	1	ō
7/28/2009	0.18 G	0	1	0	Ō	Ö	Ŏ
7/30/2009	0.3 G	0	. 1	0	0	Ō	Ō
7/31/2009	0.05 G	0	1	0	0 .	0	Ō
8/1/2009	0.54 G	1	0	0	0	Ō	Ď
8/3/2009	0.55 G	O	0	0	0	0	Ō
8/7/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
8/12/2009	99.9 9	1	1	0	0	1	Ö
8/13/2009	2.24 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/14/2009	0.18 G	1	0	0	0	0	- 6
8/18/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
8/21/2009	0.25 A	0	1	0	0	. 1	0
8/22/2009	0.58 D	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/23/2009	0.01 C	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/24/2009	0.01 G	1	0	0	0	0	0
8/26/2009	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/27/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
8/29/2009	0. 6 9 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
8/30/2009	0.06 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
8/31/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
9/3/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
9/4/2009	0.01 G	1	0	0	0	0	0
9/11/2009	0.07 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/12/2009	0.63 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/14/2009	0.01 A	0	0	0	0	0	0
9/16/2009	0.04 A	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/17/2009	0.04 C	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/18/2009	0.01 A	0	0	0	0	0	0
9/27/2009	0.62 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
9/28/2009	0.24 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
10/3/2009	0.16 G	0	1	0	0	0	0

10/4/2009	0.02 G	1	0	0	0	0	0
10/5/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
10/7/2009	0.35 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
10/8/2009	0.01 G	0	0	0	0	0	0
10/10/2009	0.51 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
10/13/2009	0.02 G	0	1	. 0	0	0	0
10/15/2009	0.21 C	1	1	1	0	0	0
10/16/2009	0.01 C	1	1	0	0	0	0
10/18/2009	0.01 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
10/19/2009	0.12 G	1	0	0	0	0	0
10/23/2009	0.03 A	0	1	0	0	0	Ô
10/24/2009	0.42 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
10/25/2009	1.15 G	0	1	0	0	Ō	0
10/27/2009	0.07 B	0	1	0	0	Ō	Ō
10/28/2009	0.57 G	1	1	0	0	Ō	Ō
10/29/2009	0.56 G	0	0	0	0	0	Ö
10/31/2009	0.01 G	0 -	1	0	Ō	Ō	Ō
11/1/2009	0.08 G	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ö
11/2/2009	0.01 G	0	Ó	0	0	0	Ō
11/5/2009	0.01 A	0	1	0	0	Ō	Ō
	ļ ·		11/1:	3/2009 to 12/6/		_	_
11/13/2009	0.01 A	0	1	0	0	0	0
11/14/2009	0.38 G	0	1	0	0	0	0
11/15/2009	0.27 G	0	1	0	Ō	Ō	Ō
11/19/2009	0.02 A	0	1	0	0	0	0
11/20/2009	0.52 B	0	1	0	0	0	0
11/24/2009	0.00 H	0	1	0	0	0	0
11/25/2009	0.04 A	0	1	0	0	0	0
11/30/2009	0.19 B	0	1	0	0	0	0
12/2/2009	0.00 H	0	1	0	0	0	0
12/3/2009	0.72 G	0	1	0	0	0	0

Surface Water - Field Measurements

USGS 01372500 WAPPINGER CREEK NEAR WAPPINGERS FALLS NY

Dutchess County, New York
Hydrologic Unit Code 02020008
Latitude 41°39'11", Longitude 73°52'23" NAD27
Drainage area 181 square miles
Contributing drainage area 181 square miles
Gage datum 114.37 feet above sea level NGVD29

Meas. Number	□ Date □ □ □ Time	□ Who	Stream flow (ft³/s)	Gage Height (ft)	Rating No.	Shift Applied (ft)	Diff.	GH Change	Meas. Duration (hr)	Meas. Rated	□ Control
848	848 12/1/2009 13:36:30	MSR	135	3.37	46	0.04	0.7	0	0.98	FAIR	FAIR CLER
849	849 12/1/2009 13:30	MSR	136	3.37	46	0.04	1.5	0	0.9	0.9 FAIR	FAIR CLER
847	847 10/22/2009 14:54	Ś	46.4	2.84	46	0	-2.1	0.01	0.88	<u>Ō</u>	D LGDB
846	846 8/21/2009 10:16	큪	94.3	3.18	46	0	3.4	0.01	0.73	≧	CLER
845	2009-06-15 12:30:30	FF	633	4.64	<u>ත</u>	0	1.7	0	0.35		CLER
844	2009-05-01 12:03	ŦŦ	158	3.46	46	0.04	2.9	0	_		CLER
843	2009-02-05 10:27	TFHMS	93.2	3.26	46	0,04	-16.7	-0.05	0.53		SICE
842	2008-12-10 12:51	포	237	3.74	6	0.04	3.5	0.02	0.4		CLER
841	2008-10-07 12:59	포	58.7	2.92	46	0	C T	0	1.2		CLER
840	2008-08-25 15:12	ŦĦ	34.5	2.67	46	0	6.5	0	0.8		CLER
839	2008-08-25 14:09	ŦH	35.9	2.68	46	0	8.4	-0.01	0.9		CLER
838	2008-07-01 14:00	ŦĦ	83.6	3.09	8	0	7.8	-b.01	2.27		CLER
837	2008-04-30 15:44	ΤFH	424	4.28	46	0	0	0	0.3	0.3 GOOD	CLER
836	2008-03-04	뒾	508	4.45	46	0	-0.6	-b.01	0.3		CLER
835		ŦH	3260	8.15	46	0	-3.6	0	0.3		CLER
834		护	612	4.62	46	0	0.3	0.01	0.3		CLER

Precipitation Data - on Sempled Days

Precipitation Total Estimate	0 No Precip. Or Data Missing	O Incomplete	0.08 2 - 6hr reports	0 No Precip. Reported	0.63 24 hr amt.	0 24 hr amt.	0.24 hr amt.	0.29 24 hr amt.	1.52 24 hr amt.	4	O Z4 nr amr.	O No Precio. Reported		U Z4 IN SHIT.	1.38 2 - Ohr reports	0 No Precip. Or Data Missing	0 No Precip. Reported	0.68 24 hr amt.	0 24 hr annt.	0.24 hr amt.	0.45 24 hramt.	0.75 24 hr amt.	O Incomplete	0.34 24 hr amt.	0.19 24 hr amt.	O Incornolete	0.04 24 hr amt.	0.55 24 hr amt.	0.06 1 - 6hr report	0.56 24 hr amt.	0.19 24 hr amt.	
FRSHT	999.9 010000	989.9 010000	989.9 010000	000000 6:666	000010 6:666	000000 6:666	000010 6 888	999.9 010000	999.9 010010	-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000 6:666		ass a ronno	999.9 010010	999.9 110000	000000 6:666	999.9 010000	000000 8:586	000000 6 866	999.9 010000	000000 6 666	000010000	000010 6000	000000 6.668	999.9 001000	000010	999.9 110000	999.9 010000	999.9 010000	999.9 010000	
dans	999.9	6.686	986.8	999	6.666	6666	6 986	6666	6.666	8	9 6	0.000		2	666	666 6	8.666	6666	8.88	6.866	686	66	6.000	666	888	6.666	906.9	886.8	16.086	6666	6.666	_
PRCP	99.99	0.00H	62.1 0.08B	69.1 0.001	86 0.83G	57.9 0.00G	90°099	0.29G	1.52G	-	50008.70	1000		33.1 U.OO	59 1.386	86	42.1 0.001	0.68G	0.006	35.1 0.00G	0.45G	37 0.75G	19.9 0.00H	36 0.34G	24.1 0.19G	1 0.00H	0.040	0.55G	0.06A	39 0.56G	0.19G	-
MIN	64.4	69.8				تما		66.2	68.2		Ş	9			;	1		51.8	80.8		37.4*					17.1	37.4	30.2	48.4		28.4*	
MAX	77.0*	78.8	88	84.9	9	84.9	88	.90	82.4*	ć	3.5 2.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3	75		, 20		44 69.8°	6.99	50.8°	73.4	89		44.1	46.9	\$	<u>1</u>	\$	50.05 D.05	41.0		46.9	14 44.8*	
SUST	999.9 77.0*	999.9 78.8*	15.9	19	30.9	6.666	6.66	15.9 80.6	16.9 82.4*	Ş	A 6	9,666		2 2 2 3	*	*	6.686	999.9 60.8	899.8 73.4	6.668	37.9 50.0	27	18.9	ଷ	19	7	28.8	8.666	18.1 59.0*	999.9	7	
Odsxiv	5.1	7	7	6	6.6	6 0	40	6.6	6.6	ć	o v	9.69	•		OD :	. .	60	1.1	ထ	8.9		15,9	6	6.9	4	6	19		12		6.6	
C-VISIB COINDSP COINIXSPD GUST IMAX	2.5 15	2.1 17	2.3 23	5.8 24	3.4 24	2 24	1.7 24		4.3 24	70	\$7 E	2.7 24		1.2 24	2.5 24	3.1 24	2.8 24	6.6 21	2.1 12	1.9 24	9.7 24	11.4 24	2.5 24	2.7 24	3.3 24	2.1 24		5.2 15	6.2 24		3.1 24	
VISIB COIV				10 24	9.1 24	\$	9.9 24	7 4 24	7.8 24	9	5 6	5 7	3	10.24	8.3 24	7.9 24	9.9 24	5.7 21	6.9 12	9.1 24		10 24	9.8 24		8.8 24	9.8 24	7.4 22	3.4 15	8 24	6.8 24	9.1 24	
STP	0 6'6566 0	-	9999.9 0	0 6'6666		9999.9	0.8888	9999.9	0 6'6666	9000	00000		8		6,686	0 6.666	0 6'6666	9999.9 0	9883.9	B999.9 0	9999.9	6.6886	0 6.6656	6.6666	9889.9	9999.9	B606.9 O	8666	9899.9	8.8666	9999.9	
Count			23		2			13				3 73				<u> </u>		0		25	2		24	5	23	2	4	<u> </u>	24	8	ଷ	
Count SLP Count			1009.3	1011.9	1008.8	1015.B	101	1013.4	1012.7	404.2 0						1022.3		1027.6		1012		-	1025		1009.8	1027.8		1015.8	1010.4		1026.3	
Cour			23		22		24	24			7 6				7		24	73			*			24		42				24		
DEWP	83	6.89	67.7	62.2	64.2	58.5	1.79	6.89	66.3	2.0	. e	49.6	9 33	200	62.2	92.5	47.1	54	8.49	40.6	88	27.6	21.9	37.9	29.3	18.4	48.9	30.3	4	39.9	31.6	
Count	15	17	23	24	24	22	2	24	7	76	, ,	7	Š	,	24	24	24	2	12	77	24	24	24	24	25	72	ឧ	2	24	54	24	
TEMP	72.2	75.1	74.2	76.3	73.1	71.7	75	71.9	72.2	3	, E	61.1	4	3	8 3	5	55.5	55.9	67.5	48.1	42.2	39.5	31.9	40.8	34.5	31.3	52.4	83	55.5	45.4	36.8	
YEARMODA TEMP Count DEWP	8002/92/9	8/27/2008	6/26/2008	7/13/2008	2/14/2008	7/15/2008	7/22/2008	7/23/2008	7/24/2008	опсиана	87492008	8/20/2008	900000	000700	900Z/845	900ZADL#8	9/25/2008	8/26/2008	9/27/2008	10/27/2008	10/28/2008	10/29/2006	11/24/2008	11/25/2008	11/26/2008	12/9/2008	12/10/2008	12/11/2008	3/8/2009	3/9/2008	3/10/2009	
WBAN	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	44767		1470	14/5/	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	14757	_
STN	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	750864	725036	725036	2000	00000	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	725036	

0.28 24 hr arm. 0.24 hr arm. 0.33 24 hr arm.	0.06 1 - 8hr report 0.59 24 hr amt. 0.17 24 hr amt.	0 No Precip. Reported 0.14 3 - 6hr reports 0.63 24 hr amt.	0 Incomplete 0 Incompleta 0.06 24 hr amt.	0.04 24 hr amt. 1.07 24 hr amt. 0.22 24 hr amt.	0.24 hr amt. 0.9 24 hr amt. 1.1 24 hr amt.	0.44 4 - 6hr reports 0.4 4 - 6hr reports 0 2 - 6hr reports	0 No Precip. Reported 0.5 1 - Shr report 0.14 2 - Shr reports	0 No Precip. Reported 0.01 24 hr ann. 0.94 24 hr am.	0 No Procip. Or Data Missing 2.24 24 hr amt. 0.18 24 hr amt.	0 No Precip. Reported 0.07 24 hr smt. 0.63 24 hr smt.
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41 0.28G 0.00G 0.33G	42.1 0.08A 43 0.59G 42.1 0.17G	37 0.001 51.1 0.14C 0.63G	53.1 0.00H 51.1 0.00H 0.06G	57 0.046 1.076 0.226	53.1 0.00G 57 0.80G 1.10G	59 0.44D 62.1 0.40D 0.00B	50 0.001 0.50A 1.1 0.14B	0.00 r 0.01G 0.94G	99.99 2.24G 82.1 0.18G	0.00N 0.07G 0.63G
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48.4 56 48.9	45.9 49.8 51.6	54.8 57.7 84.6	64.8 59.7 61.5	67.1 62.9 64	61.3 60.7 67.8	66.1 67.5 67.4	85.9 71.5 70.3	74.4 64.9 69.1	78.3 69.7 71.8	59.5 55.8 63.1
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